

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 16, Number 48.

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1916

Price Two Cents

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In addition the Russians have taken 9,000 prisoners and forty-six guns.

Vienna admits the penetration of the Austrian line on the Brody-Leszno road and says the Austrians are continuing the battle on the southern border of Brody.

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Danish Ruler Has Narrow Escape When Boat Upsets.



Photo by American Press Association.

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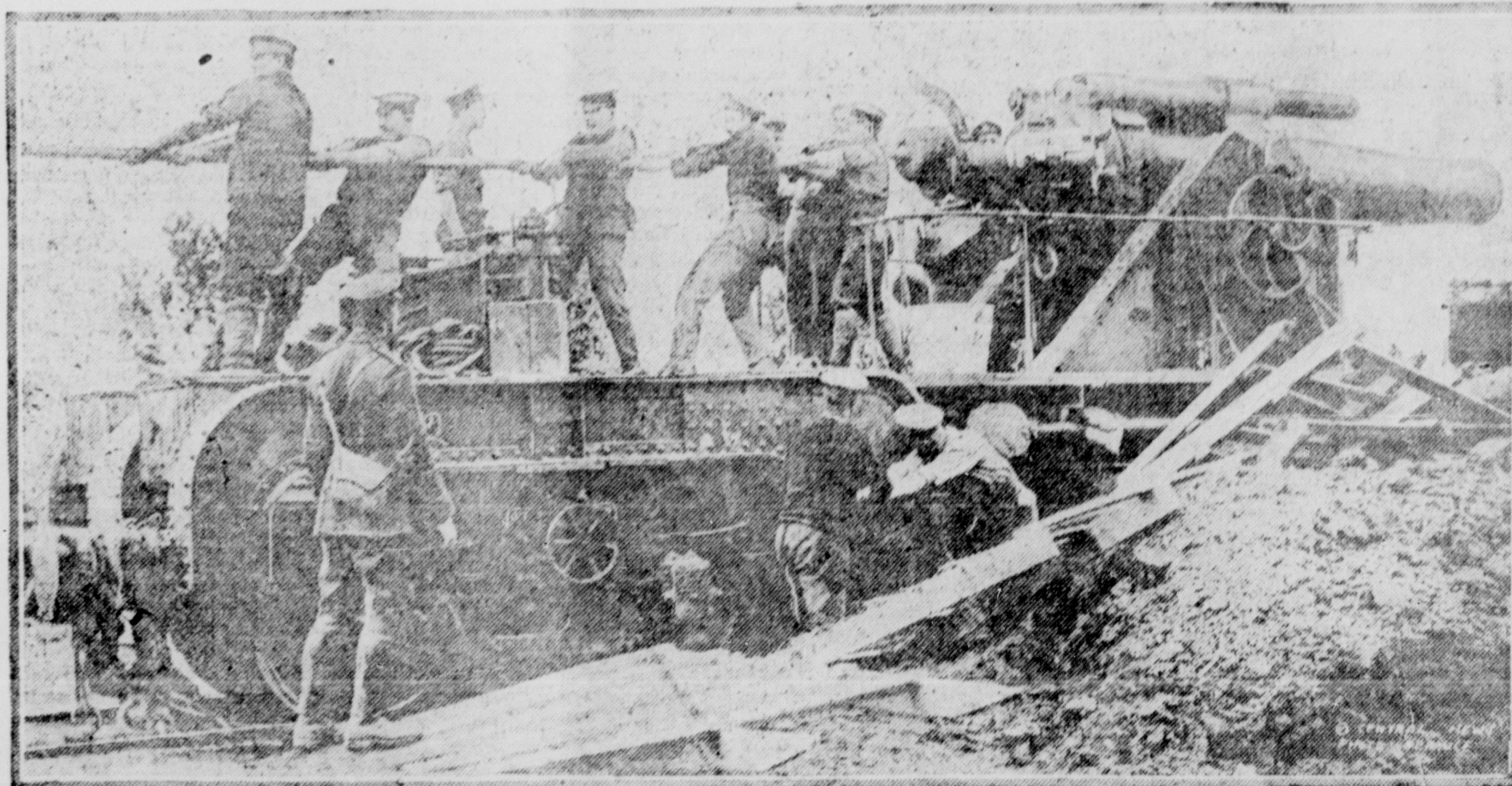
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COLONEL ROOSEVELT.

Will Take Active Part in the Maine Campaign.



Photo by American Press Association.

New York, July 29.—Theodore Roosevelt intends to take part in the campaign in Maine preceding the state election on Sept. 11. He has arranged with the Republican leaders of the state to make three or four speeches, it was said.

Papal Statement to American People

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New York, July 29.—Pope Benedict sent through Cardinal Gasparri in response to a telegram from the United Press for a papal statement to the American people on the second anniversary of the war, as follows:

"I have presented your telegram to the Holy Father and his holiness is grateful for your respect and confidence in the Holy See. He prays that the lord of mercies, moved by the prayers of his innocent children imploring peace on this the second anniversary of the terrible conflict, shall deign to end speedily this awful carnage." Signed Cardinal Gasparri.

Morgan, Estate \$78,149,024.

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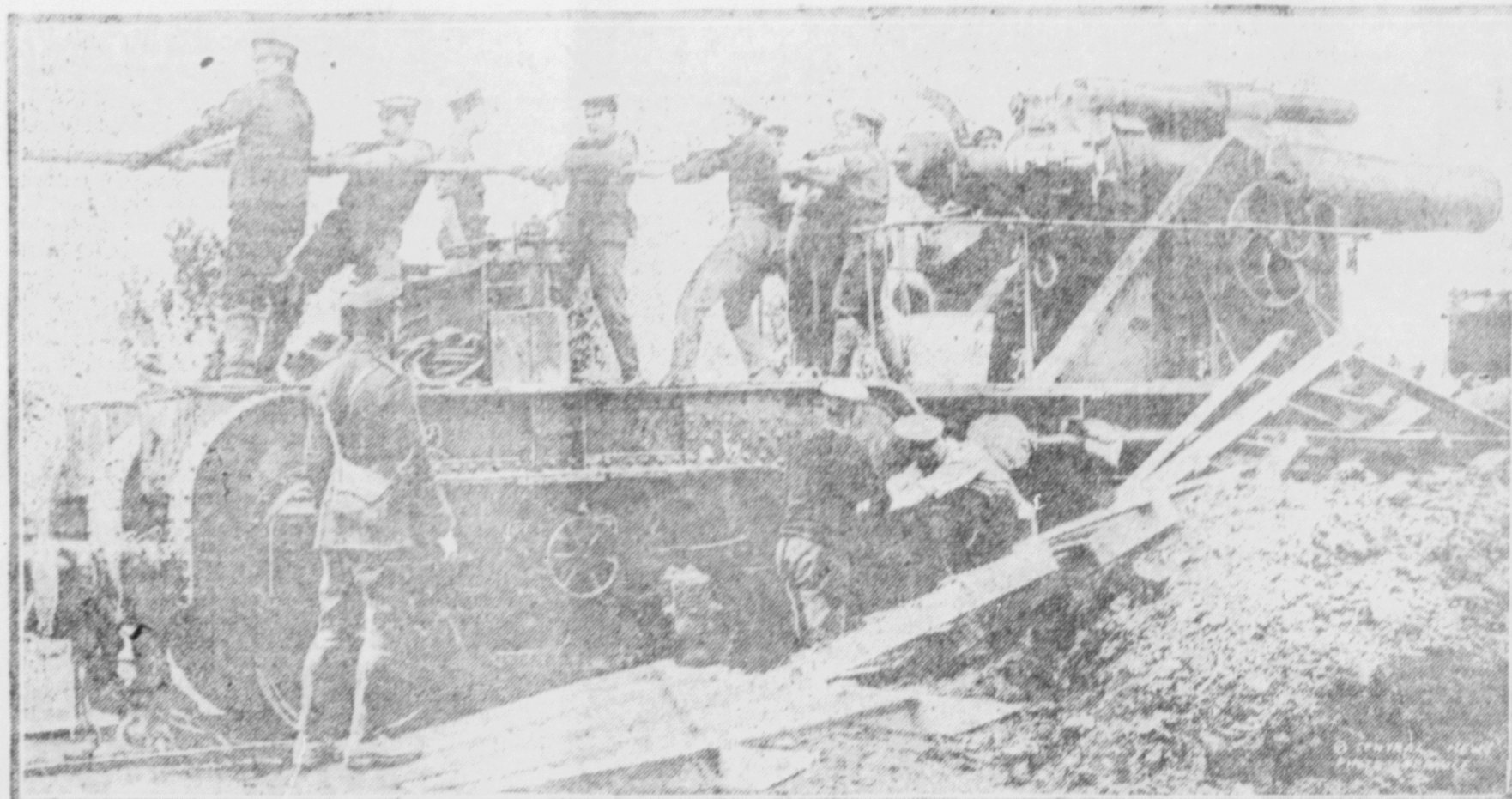
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Hayes Block, Brainerd, Minn.
Phone 102 N. W. Lady Attendant

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Brainerd, Minn.

DRINK SCHMIDT'S MALTA

An invigorating beverage, non-intoxicating. \$2.50 per case, delivered.
Phone 435, James E. Brady Malta Co., 711 Laurel Street. 92-m

E. Z. Burgoyne**INSURANCE OF ALL KINDS**

Room 11. 1st National Bank Bldg.

ORDER FLOWERS

From the

DULUTH FLORAL COMPANY
The largest and finest store in the Northwest, insist on Duluth Floral Company goods and service."

FOR PRIVATE DANCING PARTIES

Lum Park Dancing Pavilion
FOR RENT
At Reasonable Terms

Noble & Thorene

Wall Paper and Paints. We handle
Muresco, the best Wall Finish.
321 S. 6th St.
Both Phones

BILICAN'S ORCHESTRA

Will Furnish Music For all Occasions
WILFRED CANAN, Business Mgr.
1001 Kingwood St. Phone 588-B

THE WEATHER**Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours**

Hot, fair, temperature rising.
July 28—Maximum 93, minimum 70.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

For Spring Water Phone 264. 1f
Jud LaMoure, of Backus, visited in Brainerd today.

Big Sunday Dinner at West's. 1
See Nettleton for homes—Easy terms
Miss Claire Barker went to Merrifield this afternoon.

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See Nettleton for homes, lots, land. 33tf

Miss Ora Dugree, of St. Mathias, was a carnival visitor.

For pure Ice phone Peoples Ice Co. Either phone. 286tf

M. & I. trains were filled and they carried extra coaches too.

Mrs. Wm. Penn, of Pequot, was a guest of Mrs. J. H. Warner.

If your feet tire or ache, see "Oberst, the foot expert." 4712

Mrs. Paul Marquis, of Pelican Lake, is a guest of Mrs. A. Messier.

When you think of buying houses or lots, think of Nettleton. 401f

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Hettinger of St. Paul, are visiting friends and relatives.

Glasses properly fitted, Dr. Long. 291tf

Charles Nevins, of St. Cloud, of the A. G. Whitney office, was in the city today.

GOOD BYE FOOT TROUBLE.
That's what you will say after consulting Oberst the foot expert. 4712

Mrs. W. E. Stickney, and her guest Miss Phyllo, of Wadena, are visiting at Merrifield.

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Electric fans for sale or for rent. Electric Shop, 614 Maple street. 4514

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If you have completed your public school education, the nattend the Little Falls Business College for a thorough course in shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping and salesmanship. w1-sal

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Progress is the spirit of the times, you will notice it is the style and cut and material of the summer clothes which H. W. Linnemann offers in his big store. Wear the Linnemann kind of clothes and you will go through this hot weather safely and laugh the doctor and undertaker out of a job. 4712

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And Hearst International News showing Mississippi Valley association holds regatta; Candidate Mr. Hughes entertained by Harry Payne Whitney; Fourteenth New York regiment arrives at the border; De Palma wins auto race; latest fashions; troops from Indo-China fight in France; largest American submarine on trial trip; military funeral for Capt. Boyd; health authorities in New York fight plague; Brooklyn explosion kills several persons.

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Discussion of the subject furnishes entertainment for a time. Nearly everybody agrees that the extravagant use of the franking privilege should be curtailed; that the Congressional Record should not be made the vehicle for carrying all kinds of literary effusions; that every crank should not be permitted to have his ideas printed as a government document and sent broadcast over the land free of postage. Everybody agrees, but nobody does anything.

The senate had its annual upsurge on this subject a few days ago, while the house has had several discussions over the use of the franking privilege and the government printing office for the circulation of political matter.

Why Make a Change?

Democrats in the house might well ask, "Why make a change?" It was only the other day that Minority Leader Mann spoke in the most fulsome praise of the manner in which Chairman Hay had conducted the affairs of the military committee. About the time the agricultural bill passed Mann complimented in glowing terms the services of Chairman Leyer. On several occasions he has praised the work of Chairman Adamson of the interstate and foreign commerce committee. Not long ago Simpson of Minnesota handed out commendations to Chairman Moon of the postoffice committee.

In view of these commendations the Democratic leaders may well inquire, "What is the use of making a change?"

National Guard Complaints.

Complaints of national guardsmen about their food, which is the same as that furnished the regular army, and about delays in receiving their pay remind those who were in the thick of it that the Spanish war brought many similar complaints from the citizen soldiery of the country. The guardsmen like to have things fixed up pretty well, particularly when they are going into camps and have no prospect of fighting.

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"Do you expect there is going to be any opposition to this bill?" asked Penrose of Pennsylvania.

"Undoubtedly," replied Smith. "I

On Sale Saturday

HOT WEATHER DRESSES

We have placed in a rack in the center of our store a large lot of wash dresses in all sizes and colors. All Marked Down at Reduced Prices for quick clean-up. See these Saturday.

WE SELL

WOMEN'S

SHOES

Murphy's
THE STORE OF QUALITY

WE SELL

BUDD'S BABY

SHOES

THEIR AUTO IS OVERTURNED

Mother Sees Two Daughters Slowly Crushed to Death.

Manning, Ia., July 29.—Mrs. Fred Hupt saw her two daughters die under an overturned automobile after her frantic but vain effort to right the machine.

Mrs. Hupt was learning to drive and had taken her three daughters with her. The machine upset on a steep grade, along a lonely road.

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Launch Burns; Girl Drowns.

Milwaukee, July 29.—Miss Annetta Hausam, twenty-eight years old, of St. Louis, was drowned and Judson H. H. Broughton, thirty-five years old, president of the Great Lakes Boat-building company, was severely burned when the power boat in which they were cruising in Lake Michigan burned and sank, following an explosion.

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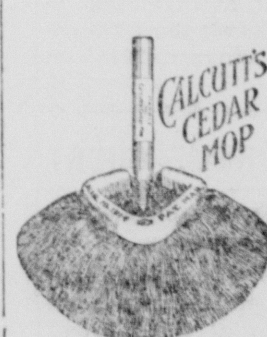
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FREE

With each cash purchase for \$5.00

or over, or with each time purchase

for \$10.00 or over a 75c mop and a

25c bottle of Cedar Oil, at



Orne's

AMUSEMENTS**Empress Theatre**

Broadway Star Feature

"The Stolen Master"

And SIS HOPKINS in

"The Dum Heiress"

And THE FORD WEEKLY

TONIGHT

MARY FULLER IN

"The Scarlet Mark"

The Coolest Place in Town

Two Shows Each Evening

FANFARE
an **ARROW**
Soft-yet Starched
Wafer Thin COLLAR
15c each 6 for 90c
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO. INC.

WRITE, WIRE OR PHONE ORDERS

for Wedding Bouquets, Funeral
Designs, and Cut Flowers
for all occasions to

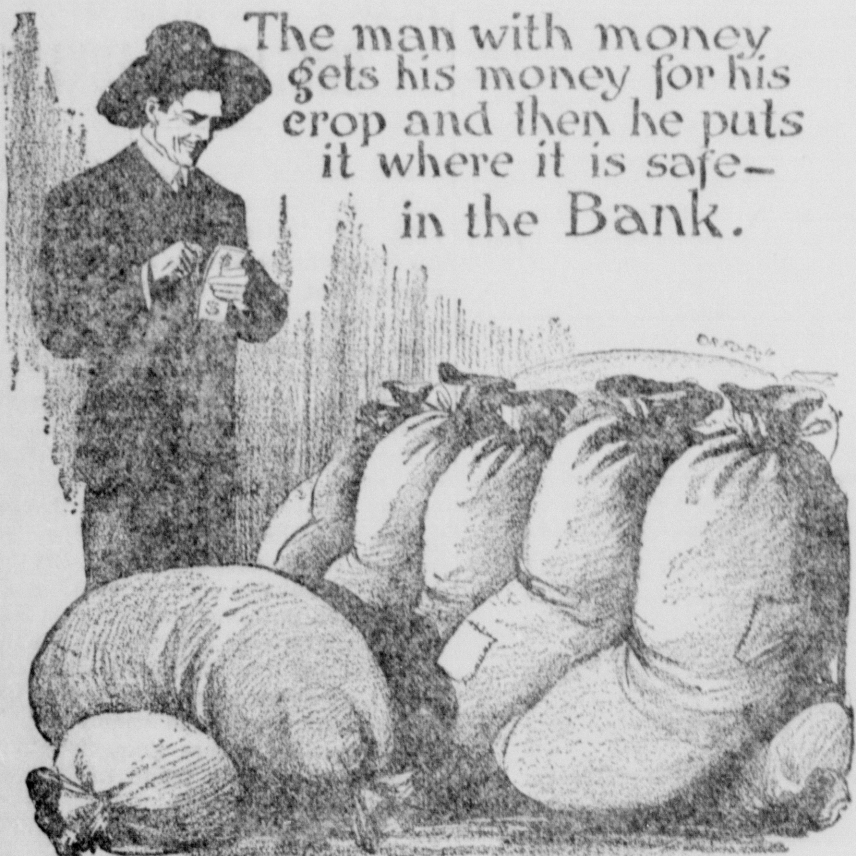
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131 W. Superior St. Duluth, Minn.

Phones, Old—Mel. 1256 and 1976

New—Grand 1626

Satisfaction Guaranteed



It takes cents to make dollars. It takes sense to keep dollars.

This man knew enough to put seed into the ground and it grew into a crop. Now he knows enough to put dollars in the bank and grow a fortune. He knows if he plants grain it grows; if he plants dollars they grow. But dollars don't fear weather conditions.

Put YOUR money in OUR bank.

We Pay Interest on Time and Savings Deposits

First National Bank
Brainerd - - - Minn.
Established 1881
Capital and Surplus
One Hundred Thousand Dollars

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Practice Limited to
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Glasses Fitted Correctly
Office Iron Exchange Building

H. G. INGERSOLL, D. D. S.
DENTIST
Room 204 Iron Exchange Bldg.
Brainerd, Minn.

I. C. EDWARDS, D. C.
CHIROPRACTOR
Hayes Block, Brainerd, Minn.
Phone 102 N. W. Lady Attendant

DR. C. G. NORDIN
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Hayes Block, Cor. 6th and Laurel Sts.
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GEORGE A. TRACY
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
Old Reliable Companies
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THOMAS C. BLEWITT
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GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES
Duluth Wheat and Flax.
Duluth, July 28.—Wheat—On track and to arrive, No. 1 hard, \$1.30½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.28½@1.29½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.23½@1.25½. Flax—On track and to arrive, \$2.06½.
St. Paul Grain.
St. Paul, July 28.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.25½@1.31½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.24½@1.27½; No. 2 Montana hard, \$1.22½@1.23½; corn, \$2.00; oats, 29¢@30¢; barley, 58¢@63¢; rye, 55¢@56¢; flax, \$2.08½.
South St. Paul Live Stock.
South St. Paul, July 28.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,500; steers, \$5.00@9.75; cows and heifers, \$4.75@7.75; calves, \$4.00@11.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.75@7.25. Hogs—Receipts, 2,600; range, \$8.75@9.50. Sheep—Receipts, 200; lambs, \$7.00@9.75; wethers, \$5.00@7.00; ewes, \$2.50@6.75.
Minneapolis Grain.
Minneapolis, July 28.—Wheat—July, \$1.26½; Sept., \$1.27½; Dec., \$1.27½. Cash close on track: No. 1 hard, \$1.32½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.27½@1.30½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.24½@1.27½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.17½@1.24½; No. 3 yellow corn, \$2.00@2.04; No. 3 white oats, 39¢@39½¢; flax, \$2.06½.
Chicago Grain and Provisions.
Chicago, July 28.—Wheat—July, \$1.20½; Sept., \$1.22½; Dec., \$1.25½. Corn—July, \$2.00; Sept., 78¢; Dec., 68¢. Oats—July, 41¢; Sept., 41¢; Dec., 43¢. Pork—July, \$26.45; Sept., \$24.67½. Butter—Receipts, 249; Springs, 20¢@20½¢; fowls, 17¢.
Chicago Live Stock.
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St. Paul Hay.
St. Paul, July 28.—Hay—Choice timothy, \$12.50; No. 1 timothy, \$12.00@13.00; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$12.00@12.75; No. 1 mixed, different grasses, \$12.00@12.75; No. 1 mixed, timothy and wild, \$12.00@12.75; choice upland, \$14.00; No. 1 upland, \$12.50@13.25; No. 1 midland, \$8.00@8.75; No. 1 alfalfa, \$12.00@12.75.
News to Her.
He—Concerning love, everything possible has been said and thought. She (coolly)—But not to me.

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MARY FULLER IN
"The Scarlet Mark"

The Coolest Place in Town
Two Shows Each Evening

WRITE, WIRE OR PHONE ORDERS
for Wedding Bouquets, Funeral Designs, and Cut Flowers for all occasions to
THE ALPHA FLORIST,
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Established 1881
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WOMAN'S REALM

Canning Fruit Without Sugar

Washington, D. C., July 29.—Fruit for use in pie or salads or as stewed fruit can be put up or canned without the use of any sugar at all, according to the canning specialists of the department. They, therefore, advise those who, because of the high price of sugar, have been thinking of reducing the amount of fruit they put up, to can as much of their surplus as possible by the use of boiling water when sugar syrup is beyond their means. Any fruit, they say, may be successfully sterilized and retained in the pack by simply adding boiling water instead of the hot sirup. The use of sugar, of course, is desirable in the canning of all kinds of fruits and makes a better and ready sweetened product. Moreover, most of the fruits when canned in water alone do not retain their natural flavor, texture and color as well as fruit put up in sirup. Fruit canned without sugar to be used for sauces or desserts must be sweetened.

Can the product the same day it is picked. Cull, stem, or seed, and clean the fruit by placing it in a strainer and pouring water over it until it is clean. Pack the product thoroughly in glass jars or tin cans until they are full; use the handle of a tablespoon, wooden ladle, or table knife for packing purposes. Pour over the fruit boiling water from a kettle, place rubbers and caps in position, partially seal if using glass jars, seal completely if using tin cans. Place the containers in a sterilizing vat such as a wash boiler with false bottom, or other receptacle improvised for the purpose. If using a hot water bath outfit, process for 30 minutes; count time after the water has reached the boiling point; the water must cover the highest jar in container. After sterilizing remove packs, seal glass jars, wrap in paper to prevent bleaching and store in a dry, cool place.

If you are canning in tin cans it will improve the product to plunge the cans quickly into cold water immediately after sterilization. When using a steam pressure canner instead of the hot water bath, sterilize for 10 minutes with five pounds of steam pressure. Never allow the pressure to go over 10 pounds.

THE STARS AND STRIPES.

First Carried by Troops in Battle in the Mexican War.

The American flag collections of the United States National museum in Washington include some interesting examples of our flag, indicative of its development in several historical periods, its many changes and its gradual standardization.

It is interesting to note that during the Revolution the flag had thirteen stars; in the war of 1812, fifteen; in the Mexican war, twenty-nine; in the civil war, thirty-five; in the Spanish-American war, forty-five, and today, forty-eight. The American flag is among the oldest of national flags, being older than the present British union jack, the French tricolor and the flag of Spain and many years older than the flags of Germany and Italy, some of which, like those of other countries, are personal flags, or those of reigning families.

The history of our flag indicates that the "stars and stripes" was not carried by troops in battle until the period of the Mexican war, 1846-7, though we have record of its use as a garrison flag from about 1787 or 1798 to 1834. Bodies of troops carried during this period and before it what was known as national colors or standards of blue with the arms of the United States emblazoned thereon, comprising an eagle surmounted by a number of stars, and with the designation of the body of troops, as infantry, artillery, etc., inscribed on a scroll.

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FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonial, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Sold at all Druggists. 75c.

BERRY PICKERS AT BAY LAKE

District Alive with Women and Girls Garnering Raspberries at the Fruit Ranches

The Bay Lake berry district is alive with women berry pickers from Brainerd, the range and as far north as Bemidji, the annual harvest of raspberries being on, to be followed later by blackberries.

To expedite their work the larger proportion of girls picking berries wear natty overalls. Many make a tidy sum picking and by the end of the season return home with a more generous coat of tan than any lake resort can contribute. The farmers furnish the best of board, pay good wages and the girls consider it more in the nature of an outing than work.

Sunday School Picnic

The Sunday school picnic of the Presbyterian church was held yesterday at Lum park and was well attended. The children had an enjoyable time in the water swimming and bathing. Many of the parents accompanied the children.

AN EQUINE HERO.

Story of Old Baldy, One of the Most Famous Horses in History.

The head of one of the most famous horses in history hangs mounted on a shield in the headquarters of George G. Meade post in Philadelphia. It is that of Old Baldy, General Meade's mount in the operations of the armies of the Potomac and Virginia. The horse was raised in the west and was brought east by Colonel E. D. Baker of Oregon, who was killed at Bull Run on Oct. 21, 1861. General Meade bought him in Washington for \$150.

The horse was wounded in the nose by a piece of shell at the battle of Bull Run on July 21, 1861, but was not put out of service. He served at Dranesville, Mechanicsville, Gaines Mills and Groveton and was wounded again at the second battle of Bull Run, on Aug. 30, 1862, when he was shot through a hind leg.

Two weeks later he was ridden at the battle of South Mountain, and on Sept. 17 he was shot through the neck at the battle of Antietam and was abandoned, apparently dying. He was afterward found by General Meade's servant browsing on the battlefield. He had recovered sufficiently to serve General Meade in the October and November campaign to Falmouth. In 1863 he was at Chancellorsville during the first three days of May and at Gettysburg on July 1, 2 and 3. He was shot through the ribs on July 2.

He was in three other engagements that year, and in 1864 he was in the Wilderness campaign at Spottsylvania, North Anna Creek, Cold Harbor, Petersburg and several other places where there was hard fighting.

At the end of the war he was taken to General Meade's country place near Philadelphia, where he remained seven years. He was led in the great parade in Philadelphia on Dec. 16, 1879, in honor of General Grant's return from his tour of the world. He was later given to John J. Davis of Jenkintown, who cared for him until it became necessary to kill him because he became too feeble to stand. This was on Dec. 16, 1882. He survived his famous master about ten years.—Philadelphia Ledger.

DEFOE IN THE PILLORY.

When the Famous Writer Was Both Punished and Applauded.

The whipping post had as its companion 100 years or more ago, not in this country, but in England, the pillory. This punishment was ended by an act of the British parliament, dated June 30, 1837.

Perhaps the most famous sufferer at the pillory was a man who has delighted millions of English speaking boys and girls and many older persons by his book, "Robinson Crusoe," which was the precursor of juvenile books as we now know them. This sufferer was Daniel Defoe, who was not only a writer of entrancing fiction, but famous as a keen political pamphleteer.

In 1703, in the reign of Queen Anne, there came from his hand "a scandalous and seditious pamphlet," entitled "The Shortest Way With the Dissenters." A reward of £50 was offered by the government for the author, and, rather than that his printer and publisher should suffer in his stead, Defoe gave himself up and was sentenced to be pilloried three times.

On July 29 of that year the daring satirist stood unabashed on the pillory in Cheapside. The punishment was repeated two days afterward in the Temple, where a sympathizing crowd hung garlands instead of garbages at the stout hearted pamphleteer, drank his health with loud acclaim and sang his "Hymn to the Pillory." In this hymn occur these lines:

Tell them the men that placed him here
Are scoundrels to the times;
Are at a loss to find his guilt
And can't commit his crimes.

—Indianapolis News

Coming.

"Have you any unanimity in your family, Mrs. Jones?"

"Not yet, ma'am, but we'll catch it. We get everything that's a-goin'!"—Philadelphia Bulletin.

OUR ABUSED FEET

Many Ills Come From Wearing the Wrong Kind of Shoes.

THEN, TOO, WE SHOULD TOE IN

That is the Natural Way to Walk or Run, as it Puts the Strain Where It Belongs, While Toeing Out Impairs the Bones and Bends Trouble.

Corns, ingrowing nails, crooked toes, bunions, spreading feet, arch trouble, aching feet are all caused by toeing out while walking. It is not natural for those who start with normal feet to toe out.

It is natural to toe in, not far in, but just inside of a line straight ahead. All children toe in, nearly all youths toe in. Some people toe in all their lives, but they are few. All barefooted people toe in. All moccasined Indians toe in. No one can run without toeing in. No speed can be made without doing so. By toeing in the spring of the foot comes from all the small bones of the front part of the foot. When one toes out he is trying to walk on the inner side of the foot.

Why does toeing out cause trouble? Because the strain upon the foot in walking is greater than it should be. It inclines the first two bones of the big toe toward the smaller toes by degrees, until the spring finally comes from the inner side of the big toe and its second joint. This undue strain on the second joint is constantly pulling it inward and away from the smaller bones. As the strain continues the tissues and ligaments that bind the bones in the forefoot together stretch and give way, and finally it becomes separated somewhat and bulges out into what is called a bunion. A bunion is a partial dislocation.

At this stage of impairment the bones connecting with the smaller toes across the ball of the foot settle down, and what is called the transverse arch is impaired. There are two arches in the foot—a longitudinal arch, with which every one is familiar, and the transverse arch across the ball of the foot from side to side. It is the transverse arch that is first affected, and it is at this stage of foot trouble that most people begin to complain and look for help.

Why did those who toe out do so in the first place when it is natural to toe in? The real reason was because they wore shoes. Barefooted people do not toe out, so the shoe is the cause. Shoes are habitually too short and too narrow across the end of the toes, and the long pointed toe of the shoe helps to prevent toeing naturally. The big toe is strong and monopolizes the limited space; the small toes, being weaker, are crushed in narrowed quarters until their natural symmetry is gone. They are crowded backward by a shoe too short until the ends are curled under and their nails point toward the ground instead of straight ahead. The first two joints of the third and fourth toes are forced upward, and the third joint is pushed down farther and farther as the tissues supporting it become more and more stretched by the pressure from above and the forced spreading of the bones of the foot.

The third bone of the third toe at this stage stands almost straight up and down in the shoe. The result is a corn on top and pain in the foot from the pressure and sometimes a corn or thickening on the bottom of the foot just under the third joint of the third toe. At this stage there are ingrowing nails, due to the sideways pressure of the shoe, that also are painful, so the sufferer begins to toe out to prevent the pressure pain that would occur from the sore and otherwise impaired small toes if he toed in as he should.

The most sensible covering ever made for the feet is the moccasin of the American Indian, worn without a stocking. Sandals also are good. The sneakers of children and tennis shoes with pliable rubber soles are next best.

Shoes should be so constructed that it will be difficult, if not impossible, to toe out. A line drawn through the length of the big toe of a normal foot backward will strike the heel near the inner edge. Shoes should not compress the toes to alter this line in children. However the toes may have been pressed out of shape, the shoes of adults when made of leather with an unyielding sole should extend straight forward well past the end of the big toe and outward past the third toe and then slope backward past the little toe to the outer ball of the foot. In a shoe so shaped the wearer will find it difficult to toe out; the big toe will have its share of room. The sole should be flat, both from side to side and from end to end, so the arch has room to settle down as required with each step to furnish the necessary spring. The heel may be made snug and provision made for a snug fit across the instep to prevent the heel from slipping. There should be no lift on the heel except just enough to raise it level with the sole, and this lift should be of rubber.

The right kind of a shoe will be a queer looking thing as we now see things, for in place of the offending pointed toe it will look more like the blade of a paddle. It will not be stiff and unyielding. It will be from three to five inches across the ball of the foot. Fashion is whimsical, and such a shoe when it becomes regular may be considered beautiful.—Dr. Arthur R. Reynolds in American Magazine.

The only thing many a man has done in the past is to dream of the future.—New York Times.

WHERE TO WORSHIP

St. Paul's Episcopal church—Services as usual Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. No evening services.

Bethlehem Lutheran church, South Seventh street—Services on Sunday morning. No evening services, at South Long lake.

Baptist church—Preaching 10:30 and 8 o'clock. Morning union services at Methodist church, evening at Baptist church.

Evangelical church Northeast—Sunday school at 9:45, orchestral music a special feature. Morning service at 11 with music by the choir Y. P. A. at 7 p. m. Evening service of sermon and song at 7:45. Rev. Walter Northrup will preach. Mid week prayer Thursday evening 8 p. m.

Christian Science—Sunday morning service at 11. Subject, "Love." Golden text: Psalm 36-7. How excellent is Thy loving kindness, O God; therefore the children of men put their trust under the shadow of Thy wings. Charles H. Cooper, first reader. Sunday school at 10. Camel's hall, Iron Exchange.

St. Francis Catholic church—Mass on Sundays at St. Joseph's hospital at 6:30 a. m. Mass at St. Francis church Sundays 8 a. m., children 9 a. m., high mass at 10:30. Evening service at 7:30. Sunday school from 9:30 to 10. Mass week days 8:15 a. m. at St. Francis church and at 6:30 at St. Joseph's hospital.

Presbyterian church—Morning worship and praise at 10:30 o'clock. The theme of the sermon will be "A Wonder of Prophecy: Egypt." In the evening at 7:45 the sermon subject will be "The Terms of Faith." The Sunday school is at noon and the Christian Endeavor at 6:45. All are invited. W. J. Lowrie, pastor.

Swedish Baptist church, corner of Oak and 10th Sts.—Morning worship at 10:30 with sermon by the pastor on the subject "The Christians' Armour." The Sunday school meets at 12 o'clock with classes for all ages. Evening service at 7:45. The sermon subject will be, "Walking With God." One and all are cordially invited to attend all of these services. Alex B. Colvin pastor.

Swedish Christian Bethany church, 9th and Maple—Rev. Theo Clemens, pastor of the church will preach next Sunday morning at 10:30 on the subject, "Who can be Righteous Before the Fifth Commandment?" and in the evening at 8 o'clock on "What it Means to Know Christ." Sunday school meets at 12 and Young Peoples society at 7 p. m. Special music by the church choir. All are welcome.

First Congregational church—On Sunday the Rev. William P. Kelts of Neligh, Nebraska, will preach in the First Congregational church. Rev. G. P. Sheridan will officiate during the regular order of worship. We invite you to worship with us. Morning worship at 10:30. Bible school at 11:45. This will be the last service until the first Sunday in September. Rev. Sheridan will leave for his vacation Monday. We trust therefore that a large attendance will gather. Rev. G. Phil Sheridan, minister.

Methodist church—Morning worship at 10:30 a. m. Sermon by the pastor, Rev. F. W. Hill on the subject: "Personal Responsibility." Soprano solo, "I'm a Pilgrim," Herbert Johnson, by Miss Mildred Farwell. Sabbath school at 12 o'clock. Epworth League at 7 o'clock. Evening service at 8 o'clock. The services for the next two Sundays will be a union of the Baptist and Methodist churches. The Baptist people are invited to worship with the Methodist people in the morning at the Methodist church and in the evening the service will be at the Baptist church, Rev. Hill preaching, while Rev. Cody is away on his vacation, the two congregations uniting for the preaching services.

The Salvation Army—Sunday services: 11 a. m. Holiness. 3 p. m. Sunday school. 8 p. m. Great Salvation meeting. A time when the devil will be met and a hand to hand fight be waged. Come and get in the scrimmage. Week-day services: Tuesday night, Salvation meeting. Wednesday night—Every Wednesday night we are going to have cottage prayer-meetings in the different homes of the city. The first one will be held at the residence of Mrs. Belongy, 801 3rd Ave. N. E. A real spicy and enthusiastic meeting is assured. You come! Thursday night Salvation meeting. Friday night, Holiness meeting. Saturday night, real old fashioned Salvation free and easy meeting. V. J. Huffman, captain.

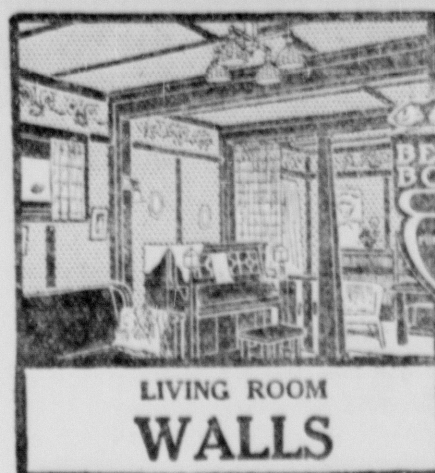
Technically, temperament means "the special type of mental constitution due to natural characteristics of the bodily organism." Broadly speaking, temperament is character—the mental make-up of a person, the way he is inclined to think and feel about things in general.—New York American.

His Own Defense.

The charge was assault and battery.

"Have you any one to defend you?" asked the judge.

"Defend me!" exclaimed the prisoner indignantly. "I don't want anybody. I'll defend myself. Come on, any half dozen of you!"—New York Times.



LIVING ROOM WALLS



All you need, to apply Beaver Board, is a hammer, saw and nails. Instructions on back of every panel.



CLUB MAKE THE



OFFICE ROOM

BEAVER BOARD

"How simple," you'll say when you have tried BEAVER BOARD for the first time, whether in a brand new house or an attic bedroom. It is simple because it gives you just what you want in a wall or ceiling, and it's so easy to apply. Beaver Board takes the place of lath, plaster and wallpaper. It makes a handsome, durable, sanitary wall which never chips or falls.

But there is a lot of difference between Beaver Board, the original, and the many so-called wallboards. So it will pay you to get the kind with the Beaver Board trade-mark on the back of every panel. That's the kind we sell.

Ask about the Beaver Board Companies' Free Design and Decoration service. They will gladly help you plan your walls and ceilings.

Lakeside Lumber Co.
Brainerd, Minn.

FANATICS IN THE ORIENT.

In Persia Religious Maniacs Are Regarded as Saints.

It appears there are places where lunatics are not shut up and kept away from the rest of the world, but are revered as saints.

This is the queer state of affairs that exists in some of the interior cities of Persia, according to an oriental traveler named Fetter, who tells interesting tales of mentally deranged men who are looked upon in the light of wonderful beings.

One particularly crazy man, according to Mr. Fetter the craziest man he ever saw or heard of, does nothing all day long but race up and down the streets of the city crying out at the top of his voice:

"All! All! All!"

Mr. Fetter says that this is not a temporary form of madness, for the man has kept it up for twenty years or so. He started it when he was still a young man, and his idea, of course, is to venerate the name of the god he knows by ceaselessly shrieking his name.

"Every one venerates this lunatic," says Mr. Fetter. "The richest men in the city have presented him with rare gifts. One of them gave him a horse and saddle, and with that he gallops through the streets when he is not walking. He is privileged to break up any kind of meeting or assembly, and all stop and listen to his cries as long as he is of the notion to stay in their midst."

"At his death a huge monument has already been promised, on which will be carved the word 'All,' so it will tell to generations to come the story of the man who spent the best years of his life and all of his waking hours shrieking the name of the deity he worshipped."—Exchange.

How "Abide With Me" Was Written.

At the age of fifty-four Lyte found himself doomed to die of consumption, and in sorrow at having to leave his task unfinished he prayed that at the least it might be granted to him to write something which would live to the glory of God when he was dead. Then on the last evening he ever spent at Bricham, after preaching his farewell sermon, he took his pen and, as the sun was setting over the ships that lay in the harbor, "Abide With Me" was written. Next morning he started for the Riviera and there died a month later.—London Telegraph.

Hard to Move in Russia.

An American wished to move from the principal hotel in Petrograd to a smaller hotel around the corner. He came down with his bag packed ready to go. "Sorry," said the manager, "but you cannot leave this hotel or register at another hotel until we get your passport from the police, and that will take a day and a night. You must go through exactly the same procedure as if you were leaving the country."

Gallieni's Epigrams.

The late General Gallieni was a master of epigrammatic expressions. "Don't criticise until you can remedy," is one. "If you've got brains, use them; if not, plant cabbagees," was another of the general's sayings. "Set things going, and keep them going," and "Say what you want done, but don't say more than a man can remember," were two other counsels.—Westminster Gazette.

Temperament.

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ICE CREAM **Sunday**
Fresh Fruit Raspberry, Maple and Vanilla.
(Three Layers)
Small Bricks for Small Families
McColl's

When YOU Are in
MINNEAPOLIS or ST. PAUL
Be Sure to Visit the Wonderful New
Minnesota State Prison
IN STILLWATER
Open for inspection Every Day (Except Sundays and Holidays), 8 to 11 A. M. and 12:30 to 4:30 P. M.
Round Trip on Trolley Cars Including Prison Visit:
From St. Paul—4 Hours From Minneapolis—6 Hours
The Finest Public Institution of its kind in the World

quiescent glory of a sarcophagus.

Graft in Russia is on such a naïvely vast scale that it becomes grotesque.

The Russian representative of a foreign shipbuilding concern told of a battleship which he personally designed for the Russian government in 1905. The plans were accepted, the steel contracted for, an army of workmen assembled at Odessa and in the course of time it was reported that the battleship was ready for launching. The governor of the province personally broke a champagne bottle over her bow, and a month later she put to sea on her trial trip. Then news came that the battleship had sunk somewhere in the Black sea. Some one was suspicious. An investigation was ordered, and it developed that the battleship had never been built at all.—Metropolitan Magazine.

A Wonderful Bore.

The most wonderful boring apparatus in the world is possessed by the great iceman fly. It is composed of three black filaments, all extremely fragile, no larger or stiffer than a horsehair and about five inches long. These fit together with grooves and glide easily along their entire length. The three when fitted together are no larger in diameter than a small needle and so flexible that a slight breath of air will bend them. Yet with this remarkable instrument its owner can bore three or four inches into the hardest wood. This tool is possessed only by the female and is her ovipositor, or egg laying apparatus. Boring which takes hours to accomplish is for the purpose of laying one egg.

The President's Oath.

The oath of office taken by the incoming president of the United States is the shortest and the simplest required of any ruler on earth. It is prescribed by the constitution and is as follows:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and, to the best of my ability, protect, preserve and defend the constitution of the United States."

True.

"Don't be afraid of a great name, my boy."

"Why not?"

"Because in this life you will find that the unknown, quiet clap who is doing his best every minute to succeed is a harder man to beat than the famous, overconfident fellow, who is only half trying."—Detroit Free Press.

Remove Face Blemishes.

Pimples, blackheads, acne, tetter, ring worm and that dreaded eczema can be permanently removed from your face and body by Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. It is no longer necessary to go around with an unsightly complexion and suffer the pain and annoyance that goes with unsightly ailments. Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment is a time tried, guaranteed remedy, good for infants, adults and aged who suffer with skin ailments. Buy a box today, start using at once. Money back if not satisfied. 50c at your druggist.—Advt.

Pianos

A cheap piano at a long price is throwing money away.

Come in and let us show you our line of high grade Pianos at prices within the reach of everyone.

We have a few second hand pianos and organs which we have taken in exchange for our high grade instruments.

Folsom Music Co.

220 S. Broadway Brainerd

Price Service Quality

WOMAN'S REALM

Canning Fruit Without Sugar

Washington, D. C., July 29.—Fruit for use in pie or salads or as stewed fruit can be put up or canned without the use of any sugar at all, according to the canning specialists of the department. They, therefore, advise those who, because of the high price of sugar, have been thinking of reducing the amount of fruit they put up, to can as much of their surplus as possible by the use of boiling water when sugar syrup is beyond their means. Any fruit, they say, may be successfully sterilized and retained in the pack by simply adding boiling water instead of the hot sirup. The use of sugar, of course, is desirable in the canning of all kinds of fruits and makes a better and ready sweetened product. Moreover, most of the fruits when canned in water alone do not retain their natural flavor, texture and color as well as fruit put up in sirup. Fruit canned without sugar to be used for sauces or desserts must be sweetened.

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State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

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FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1916.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

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BERRY PICKERS AT BAY LAKE

District Alive with Women and Girls Garnering Raspberries at the Fruit Ranches

The Bay Lake berry district is alive with women berry pickers from Brainerd, the range and as far north as Bemidji, the annual harvest of raspberries being on, to be followed later by blackberries.

To expedite their work the larger proportion of girls picking berries wear natty overalls. Many make a tidy sum picking and by the end of the season return home with a more generous coat of tan than any lake resort can contribute. The farmers furnish the best of board, pay good wages and the girls consider it more in the nature of an outing than work.

Sunday School Picnic

The Sunday school picnic of the Presbyterian church was held yesterday at Lum park and was well attended. The children had an enjoyable time in the water swimming and bathing. Many of the parents accompanied the children.

AN EQUINE HERO.

Story of Old Baldy, One of the Most Famous Horses in History.

The head of one of the most famous horses in history hangs mounted on a shield in the headquarters of George G. Meade post in Philadelphia. It is that of Old Baldy, General Meade's mount in the operations of the armies of the Potomac and Virginia. The horse was raised in the west and was brought east by Colonel E. D. Baker of Oregon, who was killed at Ball's Bluff on Oct. 21, 1861. General Meade bought him in Washington for \$150.

The horse was wounded in the nose by a piece of shell at the battle of Bull Run on July 21, 1861, but was not put out of service. He served at Dranesville, Mechanicsville, Gaines Mills and Groveton and was wounded again at the second battle of Bull Run, on Aug. 30, 1862, when he was shot through a hind leg.

Two weeks later he was ridden at the battle of South Mountain, and on Sept. 17 he was shot through the neck at the battle of Antietam and was abandoned, apparently dying. He was afterward found by General Meade's servant browsing on the battlefield. He had recovered sufficiently to serve General Meade in the October and November campaign to Falmouth. In 1863 he was at Chancellorsville during the first three days of May and at Gettysburg on July 1, 2 and 3. He was shot through the ribs on July 2.

He was in three other engagements that year, and in 1864 he was in the Wilderness campaign at Spotsylvania, North Anna Creek, Cold Harbor, Petersburg and several other places where there was hard fighting.

At the end of the war he was taken to General Meade's country place near Philadelphia, where he remained seven years. He was led in the great parade in Philadelphia on Dec. 16, 1879, in honor of General Grant's return from his tour of the world. He was later given to John J. Davis of Jenkintown, who cared for him until it became necessary to kill him because he became too feeble to stand. This was on Dec. 16, 1882. He survived his famous master about ten years.—Philadelphia Ledger.

DEFOE IN THE PILLORY.

When the Famous Writer Was Both Punished and Applauded.

The whipping post had as its companion 100 years or more ago, not in this country, but in England, the pillory. This punishment was ended by an act of the British parliament, dated June 30, 1837.

Perhaps the most famous sufferer at the pillory was a man who has delighted millions of English speaking boys and girls and many older persons by his book, "Robinson Crusoe," which was the precursor of juvenile books as we now know them. This sufferer was Daniel Defoe, who was not only a writer of entrancing fiction, but famous as a keen political pamphleteer.

In 1703, in the reign of Queen Anne, there came from his hand "a scandalous and seditious pamphlet," entitled "The Shortest Way With the Dissenters." A reward of £50 was offered by the government for the author, and, rather than that his printer and publisher should suffer in his stead, Defoe gave himself up and was sentenced to be pilloried three times.

On July 29 of that year the daring satirist stood unabashed on the pillory in Cheapside. The punishment was repeated two days afterward in the Temple, where a sympathizing crowd flung garlands instead of garbage at the stout hearted pamphleteer, drank his health with loud acclaim and sang his "Hymn to the Pillory." In this hymn occur these lines:

Tell them the men that placed him here
Are scoundrels to the times;
Are at a loss to find his guilt
And can't commit his crimes.

—Indianapolis News

Coming.

"Have you any unanimity in your family, Mrs. Jobbs?"

"Not yet, ma'am, but we'll catch it. We get everything that's a-goin'!"—Philadelphia Bulletin.

OUR ABUSED FEET

Many Ills Come From Wearing the Wrong Kind of Shoes.

THEN, TOO, WE SHOULD TOE IN

That is the Natural Way to Walk or Run, as It Puts the Strain Where It Belongs, While Toeing Out Impairs the Bones and Breeds Trouble.

Corns, ingrowing nails, crooked toes, bunions, spreading feet, arch trouble, aching feet are all caused by toeing out while walking. It is not natural for those who start with normal feet to toe out.

It is natural to toe in, not far in, but just inside of a line straight ahead. All children toe in, nearly all youths toe in. Some people toe in all their lives, but they are few. All barefooted people toe in. All moccasined Indians toe in. No one can run without toeing in. No speed can be made without doing so. By toeing in the spring of the foot comes from all the small bones of the front part of the foot. When one toes out he is trying to walk on the inner side of the foot.

Why does toeing out cause trouble? Because the strain upon the foot in walking is greater than it should be. It inclines the first two bones of the big toe toward the smaller toes by degrees, until the spring finally comes from the inner side of the big toe and its second joint. This undue strain on the second joint is constantly pulling it inward and away from the smaller bones. As the strain continues the tissues and ligaments that bind the bones in the forefoot together stretch and give way, and finally it becomes separated somewhat and bulges out into what is called a bunion. A bunion is a partial dislocation.

At this stage of impairment the bones connecting with the smaller toes across the ball of the foot settle down, and what is called the transverse arch is impaired. There are two arches in the foot—a longitudinal arch, with which every one is familiar, and the transverse arch across the ball of the foot from side to side. It is the transverse arch that is first affected, and it is at this stage of foot trouble that most people begin to complain and look for help.

Why did those who toe out do so in the first place when it is natural to toe in? The real reason was because they wore shoes. Barefooted people do not toe out, so the shoe is the cause. Shoes are habitually too short and too narrow across the end of the toes, and the long, pointed toe of the shoe helps to prevent toeing naturally. The big toe is strong and monopolizes the limited space; the small toes, being weaker, are crushed in narrowed quarters until their natural symmetry is gone. They are crowded backward by a shoe too short until the ends are curled under and their nails point toward the ground instead of straight ahead. The first two joints of the third and fourth toes are forced upward, and the third joint is pushed down farther and farther as the tissues supporting it become more and more stretched by the pressure from above and the forced spreading of the bones of the foot.

The third bone of the third toe at this stage stands almost straight up and down in the shoe. The result is a corn on top and pain in the foot from the pressure and sometimes a corn, or thickening on the bottom of the foot just under the third joint of the third toe. At this stage there are ingrowing nails, due to the sideways pressure of the shoe, that also are painful, so the sufferer begins to toe out to prevent the pressure pain that would occur from the sore and otherwise impaired small toes if he toed in as he should.

The most sensible covering ever made for the feet is the moccasin of the American Indian, worn without a stocking. Sandals also are good. The sneakers of children and tennis shoes with pliable rubber soles are next best.

Shoes should be so constructed that it will be difficult, if not impossible, to toe out. A line drawn through the length of the big toe of a normal foot backward will strike the heel near the inner edge. Shoes should not compress the toes to alter this line in children. However the toes may have been pressed out of shape, the shoes of adults when made of leather with an unyielding sole should extend straight forward well past the end of the big toe and outward past the third toe and then slope backward past the little toe to the outer ball of the foot. In a shoe so shaped the wearer will find it difficult to toe out; the big toe will have its share of room. The sole should be flat, both from side to side and from end to end, so the arch has room to settle down as required with each step to furnish the necessary spring. The heel may be made snug and provision made for a snug fit across the instep to prevent the heel from slipping. There should be no lift on the heel except just enough to raise it level with the sole, and this lift should be of rubber.

The right kind of a shoe will be a queer looking thing as we now see things, for in place of the offending pointed toe it will look more like the blade of a paddle. It will not be stiff and unyielding. It will be from three to five inches across the ball of the foot. Fashion is whimsical, and such a shoe when it becomes regular may be considered beautiful.—Dr. Arthur R. Reynolds in American Magazine.

The only thing many a man has done in the past is to dream of the future.—New York Times.

WHERE TO WORSHIP

St. Paul's Episcopal church—Services as usual Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. No evening services.

Bethlehem Lutheran church, South Seventh street—Services on Sunday morning. No evening services, at South Long lake.

Baptist church—Preaching 10:30 and 8 o'clock. Morning union services at Methodist church, evening at Baptist church.

Evangelical church Northeast—Sunday school at 9:45, orchestral music a special feature. Morning service at 11 with music by the choir Y. P. A. at 7 p. m. Evening service of sermon and song at 7:45. Rev. Walter Northrup will preach. Mid week prayer Thursday evening 8 p. m.

Christian Science—Sunday morning service at 11. Subject, "Love". Golden text: Psalms 36-7. How excellent is Thy loving kindness, O God; therefore the children of men put their trust under the shadow of Thy wings. Charles H. Cooper, first reader. Sunday school at 10. Camel's hall, Iron Exchange.

St. Francis Catholic church—Mass on Sundays at St. Joseph's hospital at 6:30 a. m. Mass at St. Francis church Sundays 8 a. m., children 9 a. m., high mass at 10:30. Evening service at 7:30. Sunday school from 9:30 to 10. Mass week days 8:15 a. m. at St. Francis church and at 6:30 at St. Joseph's hospital.

Presbyterian church—Morning worship and praise at 10:30 o'clock. The theme of the sermon will be "A Wonder of Prophecy: Egypt". In the evening at 7:45 the sermon subject will be "The Terms of Faith". The Sunday school is at noon and the Christian Endeavor at 6:45. All are invited. W. J. Lowrie, pastor.

Swedish Baptist church, corner of Oak and 10th Sts.—Morning worship at 10:30 with sermon by the pastor on the subject "The Christians' Armour." The Sunday school meets at 12 o'clock with classes for all ages. Evening service at 7:45. The sermon subject will be, "Walking With God." One and all are cordially invited to attend all of these services. Alex. B. Colvin, pastor.

Swedish Christian Bethany church, 9th and Maple—Rev. Theo Clemens, pastor of the church will preach next Sunday morning at 10:30 on the subject, "Who can be Righteous Before the Fifth Commandment?" and in the evening at 8 o'clock on "What it means to Know Christ." Sunday school meets at 12 and Young Peoples society at 7 p. m. Special music by the church choir. All are welcome.

First Congregational church—On Sunday the Rev. William P. Kelts of Neligh, Nebraska, will preach in the First Congregational church. Rev. G. P. Sheridan will officiate during the regular order of worship. We invite you to worship with us. Morning worship at 10:30. Bible school at 11:45. This will be the last service until the first Sunday in September. Rev. Sheridan will leave for his vacation Monday. We trust therefore that a large attendance will gather. Rev. G. Phil Sheridan, minister.

Methodist church—Morning worship at 10:30 a. m. Sermon by the pastor, Rev. F. W. Hill on the subject: "Personal Responsibility." Soprano solo, "I'm a Pilgrim." Herbert Johnson, by Miss Mildred Farwell. Sabbath school at 12 o'clock. Epworth League at 7 o'clock. Evening service at 8 o'clock. The services for the next two Sundays will be a union of the Baptist and Methodist churches. The Baptist people are invited to worship with the Methodist people in the morning at the Methodist church and in the evening the service will be at the Baptist church, Rev. Hill preaching, while Rev. Cody is away on his vacation, the two congregations uniting for the preaching services.

The Salvation Army—Sunday services: 11 a. m. Holiness. 3 p. m. Sunday school. 8 p. m. Great Salvation meeting. A time when the devil will be met and a hand to hand fight be waged. Come and get in the scrimmage. Week-day services: Tuesday night, Salvation meeting. Wednesday night—Every Wednesday night we are going to have cottage prayer-meetings in the different homes of the city. The first one will be held at the residence of Mrs. Belong, 801 3rd Ave. N. E. A real spicy and enthusiastic meeting is assured. You come! Thursday night, Salvation meeting. Friday night, Holiness meeting. Saturday night, real old fashioned Salvation free and easy meeting. V. J. Huffman, captain.

The late General Gallieni was a master of epigrammatic expressions. "Don't criticize until you can remedy," is one. "If you've got brains, use them; if not, plant cabbage," was another of the general's sayings. "Set things going, and keep them going," and "Say what you want done, but don't say more than a man can remember," were two other counsels.—Westminster Gazette.

Temperament. Technically, temperament means "the special type of mental constitution due to natural characteristics of the bodily organism." Broadly speaking, temperament is character—the mental make-up of a person, the way he is inclined to think and feel about things in general.—New York American.

His Own Defense. The charge was assault and battery. "Have you any one to defend you?"

"Defend me!" exclaimed the prisoner indignantly. "I don't want anybody. I'll defend myself. Come on, my half dozen of you!"—New York Times.

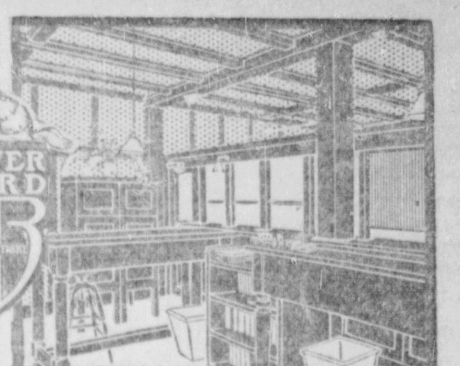
Argentine Tobacco. The most of it is used for cigars.



LIVING ROOM WALLS



CLUB MAKE THE



OFFICE ROOM

BEAVER BOARD

"How simple," you'll say when you have tried BEAVER BOARD for the first time, whether in a brand new house or an attic bedroom. It is simple because it gives you just what you want in a wall or ceiling, and it's so easy to apply. Beaver Board takes the place of lath, plaster and wallpaper. It makes a handsome, durable, sanitary wall which never chips or falls.

But there is a lot of difference between Beaver Board, the original, and the many so-called wallboards. So it will pay you to get the kind with the Beaver Board trade-mark on the back of every panel. That's the kind we sell.

Ask us about the Beaver Board Companies' Free Design and Decoration service. They will gladly help you plan your walls and ceilings.

Lakeside Lumber Co.
Brainerd, Minn.

FANATICS IN THE ORIENT.

In Persia Religious Maniacs Are Regarded as Saints.

It appears there are places where lunatics are not shut up and kept away from the rest of the world, but are revered as saints.

This is the queer state of affairs that exists in some of the interior cities of Persia, according to an oriental traveler named Fetter, who tells interesting tales of mentally deranged men who are looked upon in the light of wonderful beings.

One particularly crazy man, according to Mr. Fetter the craziest man he ever saw or heard of, does nothing all day long but race up and down the streets of the city crying out at the top of his voice:

"All! All! All!"
Mr. Fetter says that this is not a temporary form of madness, for the man has kept it up for twenty years or so. He started it when he was still a young man, and his idea, of course, is to venerate the name of the god he knows by ceaselessly shrieking his name.

"Every one venerates this lunatic," says Mr. Fetter. "The richest men in the city have presented him with rare gifts. One of them gave him a horse and saddle, and with that he gallops through the streets when he is not walking. He is privileged to break up any kind of meeting or assembly, and all stop and listen to his cries as long as he is of the notion to stay in their midst."

"At his death a huge monument has already been promised, on which will be carved the word 'All!' so it will tell to generations to come the story of the man who spent the best years of his life and all of his waking hours shrieking the name of the deity he worshipped."—Exchange.

How "Abide With Me" Was Written.

At the age of fifty-four Lyte found himself doomed to die of consumption, and in sorrow at having to leave his task unfinished he prayed that at the least it might be granted to him to write something which would live to the glory of God when he was dead. Then on the last evening he ever spent at Exham, after preaching his farewell sermon, he took his pen and, as the sun was setting over the ships that lay in the harbor, "Abide With Me" was written. Next morning he started for the Riviera and there died a month later.—London Telegraph.

Hard to Move in Russia.

An American wished to move from the principal hotel in Petrograd to a smaller hotel around the corner. He came down with his bag packed ready to go. "Sorry," said the manager, "but you cannot leave this hotel or register at another hotel until we get your passport from the police, and that will take a day and a night. You must go through exactly the same procedure as if you were leaving the country."

Gallieni's Epigrams.

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Ives Delicious Special for
ICE CREAM Sunday

Fresh Fruit Raspberry, Maple and Vanilla.
(Three Layers)

Small Bricks for Small Families

McColl's

When YOU Are in
MINNEAPOLIS or ST. PAUL
Be Sure to Visit the Wonderful New
Minnesota State Prison
IN STILLWATER

Open for inspection Every Day (Except Sundays and Holidays), 8 to 11 A. M. and 12:30 to 4:30 P. M.

Round Trip on Trolley Cars Including Prison Visit:
From St. Paul—4 Hours From Minneapolis—6 Hours

The Finest Public Institution of its kind in the World

queer story of a carcass.

Graft in Russia is on such a naively vast scale that it becomes grotesque.

The Russian representative of a foreign shipbuilding concern told of a battleship which he personally designed for the Russian government in 1905. The plans were accepted, the steel contracted for, an army of workmen assembled at Odessa and in the course of time it was reported that the battleship was ready for launching. The governor of the province personally broke a champagne bottle over her bow, and a month later she put to sea on her trial trip. Then news came that the battleship had sunk somewhere in the Black sea. Some one was suspicious. An investigation was ordered, and it developed that the battleship had never been built at all.—Metropolitan Magazine.

A Wonderful Bore.

The most wonderful boring apparatus in the world is possessed by the great ichneumon fly. It is composed of three black filaments, all extremely fragile, no larger or stiffer than a horsehair and about five inches long. These fit together with grooves and glide easily along their entire length. The three when fitted together are no larger in diameter than a small needle and so flexible that a slight breath of air will bend them. Yet with this remarkable instrument its owner can bore three or four inches into the hardest wood. This tool is possessed only by the female and is her ovipositor, or egg-laying apparatus. Boring which takes hours to accomplish is for the purpose of laying one egg.

The President's Oath.

The oath of office taken by the incoming president of the United States is the shortest and the simplest required of any ruler on earth. It is prescribed by the constitution and is as follows:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and, to the best of my ability, protect, preserve and defend the constitution of the United States."

True.

"Don't be afraid of a great name, my boy."

"Why not?"

"Because in this life you will find that the unknown, quiet chap who is doing his best every minute to succeed is a harder man to beat than the famous, overconfident fellow, who is only half trying."—Detroit Free Press.

Pianos

A cheap piano at a long price is throwing money away.

Come in and let us show you our line of high grade Pianos at prices within the reach of everyone.

We have a few second hand pianos and organs which we have taken in exchange for our high grade instruments.

Folsom Music Co.

220 S. Broadway Brainerd

Price Service Quality

Remove Face Blemishes

Pimples, blackheads, acne, tetter, ring worm and that dreaded eczema can be permanently removed from your face and body by Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. It is no longer necessary to go around with an unsightly complexion and suffer the pain and annoyance that goes with unsightly ailments. Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment is a time tried, guaranteed remedy, good for infants, adults and aged who suffer with skin ailments. Buy a box today, start using at once. Money back if not satisfied. 50c at your druggist.—Adv. tta

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Month Forty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance \$4.00

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Minn., as second class matter

PUBLISHED

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1916.



WASHINGTON FEARS RAIL STRIKE PERIL

Washington, July 29.—Worry is becoming manifest over the possibility of serious railway difficulties in the near future resulting from the conflict of the railroads with their 300,000 employees over wage scales. Washington has been made well aware that the interruption of railway traffic for a single day would totally demoralize for the time being all business in the country and might be of grave embarrassment to the government. Inability to move troop trains in case of grave emergency is only one of the possible results.

The government is thoroughly aware of the dangers ahead, but it is unable to do anything about it. The attitude of the employees, for reasons with which no one here seems to find fault, has not been conducive to proffers of conciliation. Only a short time ago they announced they could not talk about mediation and again put before the employers their demands, asking immediate action. Favorable action was again denied and the managers of the brotherhoods went before the membership. The present vote seems certain to sustain the manager's attitude by a great vote.

The ballots are to be counted beginning Aug. 1 and the count should be completed by Aug. 5.

 INSANE PATIENTS RESCUE
 GIRL FROM DROWNING.
 Kankakee, Ill., July 29.—Rose Homolka of Braidwood, an attendant at the state hospital, was drowned while bathing.
 Four girls who were with her were pulled out of the water by three men patients and an attendant.

AMERICAN EXPORTS BREAK ALL RECORDS

Washington, July 29.—Foreign trade of the United States closed its greatest year in history June 30, with a balance of \$2,136,000,000 in favor of American exports. The year's exports aggregated \$4,334,000,000, the department of commerce announced, and imports were valued at \$2,198,000,000.

The trade balance was double that of last year and four times that of 1914. Exports exceeded those of last year by \$1,500,000,000. Imports for the year, \$2,198,000,000, exceeded by \$524,000,000 the 1915 total and the annual average from 1911 to 1914 by \$475,000,000.

June imports were valued at \$246,000,000, the largest ever shown in a single month, being \$17,000,000 more than the figures for May and \$88,000,000 more than those of June, 1915.

CITIZENS DISARM TRAMPS

Two Hoboes Wounded in Fight at Mitchell, S. D.

Mitchell, S. D., July 29.—Two unemployed itinerants were shot and dangerously wounded here in a clash between 200 armed citizens and an equal number of industrial workers of the world and other unaffiliated harvest hands. The citizens' "army" emerged victorious, driving the unemployed from the city. After several shots had been fired by both sides, the itinerants were lined up against a building and held there several hours under cover of guns while being disarmed.

AIR CHANGES EVERY TWO
MINUTES IN THIS THEATRE

BEST THEATRE

The Coolest Place in the City

COME TO THE BEST AND THE
COOLEST PLACE IN THE CITY

TONIGHT

ONLY

TONIGHT

The Star of All Stars ALICE BRADY as "MIMI"

In a marvelous adaption from HENRY MURGER'S immortal and everlastingly beautiful FRENCH story

"LA-VIE-DE-BOHEME"

And Hearst International News Pictorial

SUNDAY

TOMORROW

SUNDAY

Ethel Barrymore In "THE KISS OF HATE"

DEMOCRATS OBEY THE PRESIDENT

Republicans Marvel at Discipline Displayed by Opponents.

THE RULES LIKE ROOSEVELT.

If Successful In Passing Child Labor Bill the Administration's Entire Program Will Have Gone Through—Senators Sacrifice Individual Views For Good of Party.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, July 27.—[Special.]—The discipline in the Democratic party is marvelous. The plans of the administration have been carried out by the house so that body is waiting on the senate, and there is every indication that the senate will adopt nearly every administration measure.

It is true that some of the southern senators balk at the child labor bill, but the persuasive power of the president is expected to overcome the opposition. If that bill is passed the president can well consider that he has put through his program almost in its entirety. It will be a unique record and one which will no doubt be pointed out in the coming campaign as a reason for retaining the Democratic party in power.

Like Old Republican Days.

The manner in which the Democratic party has managed and accomplished results recalls the days of McKinley and Roosevelt, when the Republican party was the best machine ever in existence. From 1897 to 1909 the Republicans ran on schedule. There were flurries of insurgency, such as that before the Spanish war, but after that the party was pretty well united, and until the close of Roosevelt's term there were no divisions meaning party defeat.

The Democrats under Wilson seem to have been taking a leaf out of the record of Republican rule and determined that by following the president, sacrificing individual views of senators and representatives, they may be able to secure another four years of control in the national government.

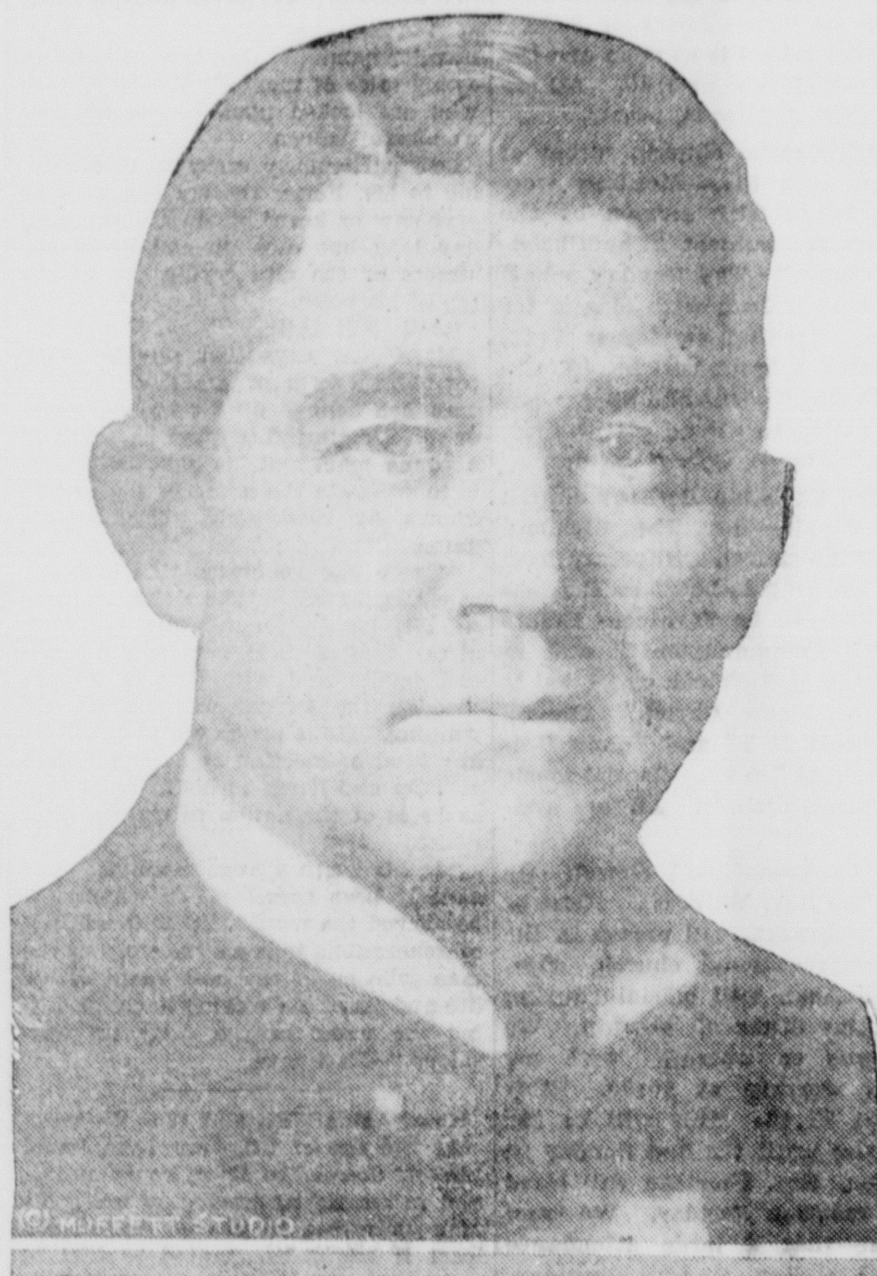
No Longer a Joke.

There may be those who have fun at the expense of Senator Lewis of Illinois, and at times he amuses the senate, but he is no longer considered a joke by any man. He is ready to debate with any senator and is not hampered in his utterances, no matter who else he commands respect from the senators who were inclined to regard him as a freak when he first entered the senate. "Lewis is one of the most remarkable men in the senate," was the comment of Senator Clapp of Minnesota, who does not always agree with him.

An Old Story.

Observers of the fighting in Europe say that the Australians are the best troops in the British service, better marksmen and more hardy than others. In the early days of the civil war it was found that the western men made the best troops. They could shoot and could take care of themselves. It was the old story of the early training of the men. The boys on the western frontier all learned to shoot and handle a gun, to make camps and live in the open. The Australians were no doubt trained in the same

Prohibition Candidate for President



J. Frank Hanley, former governor of Indiana, is the prohibition candidate for president. He was born at St. Joseph, Ill., April 4, 1863. He is a lawyer and practised in several

cities of Indiana. He was a member of the Indiana State Senate, a member of congress, and from 1905 to 1909 was governor of Indiana.

way. They learned to handle guns when they were small boys.

The Strange Thing.

In opposing the large military expenditures Senator Clapp of Minnesota remarked:

"It is a strange thing that today the only country on earth that is talking about war with the United States is the United States itself. We are the only nation that is conjuring war with ourselves."

A Waste of Money.

During the consideration of the elections bill Congressman Bennett of New York told of an attempt to buy negro votes in his city.

"Was it Democrats or Republicans that?"

Rucker of Missouri was about to ask a question when interrupted by the New Yorker, who said:

"A Republican does not waste money buying colored voters. They are mostly Republicans."

"In some sections of the country the Democrats treat the negroes better than do the Republicans," responded Rucker, "because I have known them to get as much as \$2."

Marshall Not Convinced.

In a body like the senate, with rules of such elastic and sometimes drastic quality—rules that can be made to do anything or nothing—it is natural that any attempt at consistent administration of them leads to complications. Vice President Marshall tries to run the rules as he finds them and consequently is met by appeals, and the senate frequently overturns a ruling it has established in order to do some

LITTLE INTEREST IN THE CAMPAIGN

Contest Expected to Be Devoid of Bitter Denunciation.

DEMOCRATS ARE CONFIDENT

No Great Differences or Exciting Issues Between Parties—Voters Will Be Called Upon to Choose Between Two Personalities—Newspaper Advertising Called Best Kind of Campaigning.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, July 26.—[Special.]—According to the Washington view, the presidential campaign is going to be a genteel affair without much excitement and little enthusiasm. Of course it is expected the contest will warm up a bit later in the season, but no one expects hard hitting, bitter denunciation and little of the spectacular such as has been enjoyed when Mr. Roosevelt or Mr. Bryan were running, and one or both have been running for the past twenty years.

The confidence exhibited by the Democrats is something wonderful in view of the way they felt previous to the convention. Most of them were fearful that the nomination of Hughes would mean defeat. Now most of them confidently predict the re-election of Wilson.

Lack of Exciting Issues.

There are no interesting and exciting issues to divide the parties. For the most part the parties have been in harmony. The Republicans have voted with the Democrats on most measures presented. When divisions have occurred they have not been along party lines. There have been no tightly drawn party battles in either house of congress. This lack of partisanship in congress is no doubt a reflex of conditions throughout the country.

Under such conditions it is quite likely that the voters will feel that they are making a choice between two personalities, and the decision will be whether they prefer Wilson or Hughes. The personality of the candidates is not such as to arouse any great amount of enthusiasm.

Best Kind of Campaigning.

Congressman Morgan of Oklahoma, in opposing the provision in the elections bill which allows all sorts of expenditures and excepts newspaper advertising, said:

"I would class newspaper advertising as the most appropriate and legitimate method of reaching the voters and, I think, the most effective. I believe in patronizing the editors. What a man says in the public press is open and aboveboard. The use of the press is a most honorable way to do campaigning."

Tributes to Democrats.

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Young Men and Young Women Wanted

If you want a good position and a good commercial education, you can get both at the Little Falls Business College. The Little Falls Business College is a high grade commercial university for young people who are particular and who insist on having the very best. It's The School For You.

An efficient employment department is maintained for the purpose of securing a good position for you. Many young men and women whom you know, have secured a good money-earning education at this school and are now holding excellent positions. There are very few business positions in your home town that are open to young people. If there are good positions a few hundred miles away which you can handle, how can you find them? How can you qualify for them? Who will help you secure them? The Little Falls Business College will train you and will find the position for you. This Business University is for you.

The length of your college course has been cut down to the minimum at the Little Falls Business College. You get the recognized standard systems and machines of the world handled by business people of long experience with the most up-to-date school equipment that money will buy. This is a combination of good things for you that cannot be out-classed.

Your SUCCESS for the rest of your life-time is the thing of first importance. You will get out of your educational training about what you put into it. If you spend only a little time and a little work you will get but little out of it and you will be listed with those marked "Failures". Spend a reasonable length of time and put in a good amount of work in the Little Falls Business College and you will be among those who are known to the world as "SUCCESSFUL". Your choice should be the Little Falls Business College—Because, It's The School For You.

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The man with trouble should always go to Senator Martine. The New Jersey senator can always be found ready to take up the side of the under dog. "Jim Martine has a heart as big as an ox," remarked one of his fellow senators one day when Martine was trying to get something done for somebody, "but his judgment is not good." For instance, not many people thought it wise to have the senate interfere in what was taking place in England regarding her own citizens.

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"He was really worked up about it," continued Norris, "although everybody could read what took place in the Record. Out on the Pacific coast they drive children off the streets after dark by crying, 'The Japs are coming!'"

"Authorized and Directed."

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Residence Service

\$1.00
PER MONTH

1786

TELEPHONES

TODAY

ARE YOU

WATCHING

US GROW?

Northwestern Telephone
Exchange Co.

LET US DO YOUR PRINTING

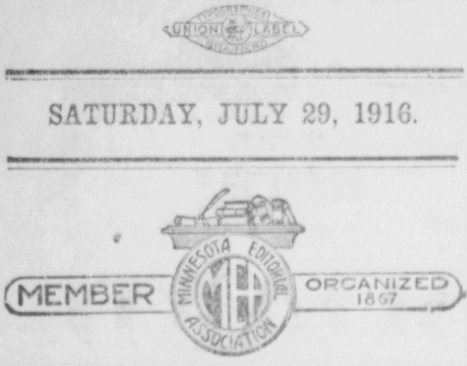
THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Month.....Fifty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance.....\$4.00

Office in Dispatch Building on 5th St.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter



WASHINGTON FEARS
RAIL STRIKE PERIL

Washington, July 29.—Worry is becoming manifest over the possibility of serious railway difficulties in the near future resulting from the conflict of the railroads with their 300,000 employees over wage scales. Washington has been made well aware that the interruption of railway traffic for a single day would totally demoralize for the time being all business in the country and might be of grave embarrassment to the government. Inability to move troop trains in case of grave emergency is only one of the possible results.

The government is thoroughly aware of the dangers ahead, but it is unable to do anything about it. The attitude of the employees, for reasons with which no one here seems to find fault, has not been conducive to proffer of conciliation. Only a short time ago they announced they could not talk about mediation and again put before the employers their demands, asking immediate action. Favorable action was again denied and the managers of the brotherhoods went before the membership. The present vote seems certain to sustain the managers' attitude by a great vote.

The ballots are to be counted beginning Aug. 1 and the count should be completed by Aug. 5.

INSANE PATIENTS RESCUE
GIRL FROM DROWNING.

Kankakee, Ill., July 29.—Rose Homolka of Braidwood, an attendant at the state hospital, was drowned while bathing.

Four girls who were with her were pulled out of the water by three men patients and an attendant.

AMERICAN EXPORTS
BREAK ALL RECORDS

Washington, July 29.—Foreign trade of the United States closed its greatest year in history July 29, with a balance of \$2,135,000,000 in favor of American exports. The year's exports aggregated \$4,334,000,000, the department of commerce announced, and imports were valued at \$2,198,000,000.

The trade balance was double that of last year and four times that of 1914. Exports exceeded those of last year by \$1,200,000,000. Imports for the year, \$2,198,000,000, exceeded by \$224,000,000 the 1915 total and the annual average from 1911 to 1914 by \$475,000,000.

June imports were valued at \$246,000,000, the largest ever shown in a single month, being \$17,000,000 more than the figures for May and \$88,000,000 more than those of June, 1915.

CITIZENS DISARM TRAMPS

Two Hoboes Wounded in Fight at Mitchell, S. D.

Mitchell, S. D., July 29.—Two unemployed itinerants were shot and dangerously wounded here in a clash between 200 armed citizens and an equal number of Industrial Workers of the World and other unaffiliated harvest hands. The citizens' "army" emerged victorious, driving the unemployed from the city. After several shots had been fired by both sides, the itinerants were lined up against a building and held there several hours under cover of guns while being disarmed.

AIR CHANGES EVERY TWO
MINUTES IN THIS THEATRE

BEST THEATRE

The Coolest Place in the City

COME TO THE BEST AND THE
COOLEST PLACE IN THE CITY

TONIGHT ONLY TONIGHT

The Star of All Stars ALICE BRADY as "MIMI"

In a marvelous adaption from HENRY MURGER'S immortal and everlastingly beautiful FRENCH story

"LA-VIE-DE-BOHEME"

And Hearst International News Pictorial

SUNDAY TOMORROW SUNDAY

Ethel Barrymore In "THE KISS OF HATE"

DEMOCRATS OBEY
THE PRESIDENT

Republicans Marvel at Discipline Displayed by Opponents.

HE RULES LIKE ROOSEVELT.

If Successful in Passing Child Labor Bill the Administration's Entire Program Will Have Gone Through—Senators Sacrifice Individual Views For Good of Party.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, July 27.—[Special.]—The discipline in the Democratic party is marvelous. The plans of the administration have been carried out by the house so that body is waiting on the senate, and there is every indication that the senate will adopt nearly every administration measure.

It is true that some of the southern senators balk at the child labor bill, but the persuasive power of the president is expected to overcome the opposition. If that bill is passed the president can well consider that he has put through his program almost in its entirety. It will be a unique record and one which will no doubt be pointed out in the coming campaign as a reason for retaining the Democratic party in power.

Like Old Republican Days.

The manner in which the Democratic party has managed and accomplished results recalls the days of McKinley and Roosevelt, when the Republican party was the best machine ever in existence. From 1897 to 1900 the Republicans ran on schedule. There were stories of insubordination, such as that before the Spanish war, but after that the party was pretty well united, and until the close of Roosevelt's term there were no divisions meaning party defeat.

The Democrats under Wilson seem to have been taking a leaf out of the record of Republican rule and determined that by following the president, sacrificing individual views of senators and representatives, they may be able to secure another four years of control in the national government.

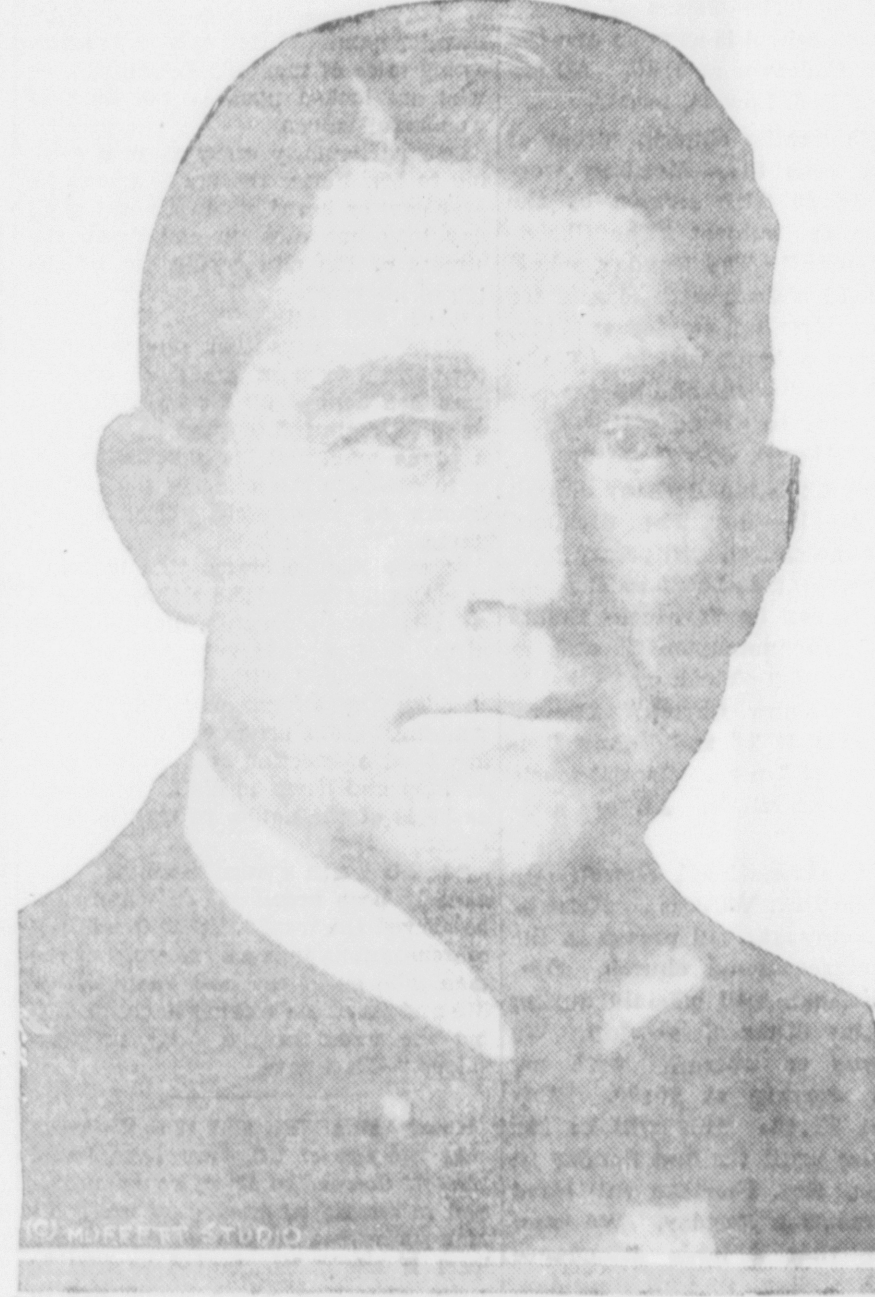
No Longer a Joke.

There may be those who have fun at the expense of Senator Lewis of Illinois, and at times he amuses the senate, but he is no longer considered a joke by any man. He is ready to debate with any senator and is not hampered in his utterances, no matter who may interrupt him. But more than all else he commands respect from the senators who were inclined to regard him as a freak when he first entered the senate. "Lewis is one of the most remarkable men in the senate," was the comment of Senator Clapp of Minnesota, who does not always agree with him.

An Old Story.

Observers of the fighting in Europe say that the Australians are the best troops in the British service, better marksmen and more hardy than others. In the early days of the civil war it was found that the western men made the best troops. They could shoot and could take care of themselves. It was the old story of the early training of the men. The boys on the western frontier all learned to shoot and handle a gun, to make camps and live in the open. The Australians were no doubt trained in the same

Prohibition Candidate for President



J. Frank Hanley, former governor of Indiana, is the prohibition candidate for president. He was born at St. Joseph, Ill., April 4, 1863. He is a lawyer and practiced in several

cities of Indiana. He was a member of the Indiana State Senate, a member of congress, and from 1905 to 1909 was governor of Indiana.

ways. They learned to handle guns when they were small boys.

The Strange Thing.

In opposing the large military expenditures Senator Clapp of Minnesota remarked:

"It is a strange thing that today the only country on earth that is talking about war with the United States is the United States itself. We are the only nation that is conjuring war with ourselves."

A Waste of Money.

During the consideration of the election bill Congressman Bennett of New York told of an attempt to buy negro votes in his city.

"Was it Democrats or Republicans that?"

Rucker of Missouri was about to ask a question when interrupted by the New Yorker, who said:

"A Republican does not waste money buying colored voters. They are mostly Republicans."

"In some sections of the country the Democrats treat the negroes better than do the Republicans," responded Rucker, "because I have known them to get as much as \$2."

Marshall Not Convinced.

In a body like the senate, with rules of such elastic and sometimes drastic quality—rules that can be made to do anything or nothing—it is natural that any attempt at consistent administration of them leads to complications. Vice President Marshall tries to run the rules as he finds them and consequently is met by appeals, and the senate frequently overturns a ruling it has established in order to do some

thing one day similar to what it did not want to do the previous day. On one of these occasions the vice president remarked:

"The chair was overruled on this point by the senate, but, like a woman, the chair remains unconvicted. However, the senate having overruled the chair, the chair is going to hold to the established ruling until the senate overrules itself."

The "Sting" of Death.

The sting of death physically is nothing. A man who has lost consciousness in the water, a man who has been under an anesthetic, a man stunned in an accident—these have been in effect dead, and yet they know nothing of death. In speaking of it the most glaring contradictions pass quite naturally for axioms. It is the "gentle hand," but it is also the "grimy terror." It is "beautiful" and "wonderful," but it is also "terrible."—London Spectator.

Reason Enough.

David and Walter had not met in some time, and one morning when they boarded the same car they began a chat of old times.

"And when is your marriage to Carolyn Hathaway coming off, Dave?" queried Walter.

"It has been postponed indefinitely," replied David.

"Is that so?" said Walter in surprise. "What's the trouble?"

"She married another fellow."—New York Times.

LITTLE INTEREST
IN THE CAMPAIGN

Contest Expected to Be Devoid of Bitter Denunciation.

DEMOCRATS ARE CONFIDENT

No Great Differences or Exciting Issues Between Parties—Voters Will Be Called Upon to Choose Between Two Personalities—Newspaper Advertising Called Best Kind of Campaigning.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, July 23.—[Special.]—According to the Washington view, the presidential campaign is going to be a genteel affair without much excitement and little enthusiasm. Of course it is expected the contest will warm up a bit later in the season, but no one expects hard hitting, bitter denunciation and little of the spectacular such as has been enjoyed when Mr. Roosevelt or Mr. Bryan were running, and one or both have been running for the past twenty years.

The confidence exhibited by the Democrats is something wonderful in view of the way they felt previous to the convention. Most of them were fearful that the nomination of Hughes would mean defeat. Now most of them confidently predict the re-election of Wilson.

Lack of Exciting Issues.

There are no interesting and exciting issues to divide the parties. For the most part the parties have been in harmony. The Republicans have voted with the Democrats on most measures presented. When divisions have occurred they have not been along party lines. There have been no tightly drawn party battles in either house of congress. This lack of partisanship in congress is no doubt a reflex of conditions throughout the country.

Under such conditions it is quite likely that the voters will feel that they are making a choice between two personalities, and the decision will be whether they prefer Wilson or Hughes. The personality of the candidates is not such as to arouse any great amount of enthusiasm.

Best Kind of Campaigning.

Congressman Morgan of Oklahoma, in opposing the provision in the elections bill which allows all sorts of expenditures and excepts newspaper advertising, said:

"I would class newspaper advertising as the most appropriate and legitimate method of reaching the voters and, I think, the most effective. I believe in patronizing the editors. What a man says in the public press is open and aboveboard. The use of the press is a most honorable way to do campaigning."

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THE NORTHWESTERN TELEPHONE EXCHANGE CO.

LOCAL LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Residence Service

\$1.00 PER MONTH

1786

TELEPHONES TODAY ARE YOU WATCHING US GROW?

Northwestern Telephone Exchange Co.

LET US DO YOUR PRINTING

HOT WEATHER STORIES GIVEN

Oldest Inhabitant in Brainerd Says
It's the Hottest July in Twen-
ty Years' History

93 MARKED UP YESTERDAY

Track in Shape for the Mercury to
Go Up a Few Points More
This Saturday

July 28 the thermometer at the Gull lake naval observatory spurted up to 93 and the track is in good shape for it to go higher still. Thermometers in town affected by radiation from buildings, pavements or sidewalks, showed 94.

The oldest inhabitant in Brainerd stroked his venerable beard and said it was the hottest July he had seen in 20 years. In the whole month there were but two cool days and the man who said Minnesota had winter in the summer had long ago been reduced to the consistency of a grease spot.

Good reading today: "Cook's Conquest of the North Pole", your ice bill, January record of the temperature, (you are at liberty to poke through the Dispatch files if it will do you any good); "Nansen's Farthest North," "Shackleton's Antarctic Expedition," Jack London's stories of Alaska, "Tales of Greenland's Ivy Mountains," "How to Make Mini-Juleps in the Shade," "Autobiography of an Ice Man," etc. etc.

Ask Jeph Thompson if he likes the weather, any kind of weather, it makes no difference, and Jeph says: "It's just right."

Friday night there was a big crowd at the dance at Lum park given by A. R. Falconer and H. Headman. The Blue Ribbon orchestra discoursed sweet music. The lake breezes were enjoyed to the utmost. It was a pleasant evening and it was really cooler dancing than just sitting around. The bus did a thriving business and jitneys were also on hand. Near the pavilion were parked the many cars of the dancers, and they came to the park, whole parties of them.

Lars Swelland's thermometer registered 98 at 1 o'clock today.

McCull is living up to the slogan: "Eat a plate of ice cream a day," by selling drayloads of it. The small family bricks go like hot cakes.

Every summer resort is crowded to the guards. Trains are loaded, everybody is making a rush for a cool place.

EXTRA, EXTRA—Lars Swelland's thermometer at 2 p. m. registered 100 degrees.

The cement mixer crew quit this morning because they did not have sand enough. It was hot weather, all right. They ran out of sand to mix in with the cement.

Heat so expanded the big tuba in the carnival company band that it was a matter of difficulty to play in the key of A flat.

"100 degrees of heat, 100 feet of steel tape and you have an expansion of 1 inch," said City Engineer C. D. Peacock. With the thermometer close to 100 degrees allowances will soon have to be made for that expansion.

P. B. Anderson, three miles south of town, lost a horse by sunstroke Friday, the animal collapsing at 11 o'clock in the morning and dying at 3:30. The mare was worth \$200.

MOSQUITO DOG IS BUT CHICKEN HOUND

John Sivertson, well known in business circles of Brainerd, and who owns a beautiful country estate near by, is a disappointed man. His dog is the cause.

Sivertson was very proud of the canine. 'Twas a funny looking animal, but his reputation as a mosquito dog had traveled far and wide. When his master would sit down on the hotel steps and the large eastern variety of the winged pests would begin their purring, "Scratch," as the dog was called, would start to work. As long as a mosquito remained in the vicinity he would snap and jump at them.

But finally Sivertson took him to his country estate. Unfortunately the canine failed to distinguish between mosquitoes and chickens and as a result, the hen house looked like the morning after. Scratch was sentenced to die an untimely death, but an appeal secured a stay of sentence and he is on probation.

GOOD SETTLERS

Fred Wiperman, of Brainerd, Col., to Settle in Lake Township, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wiperman and son, aged 10, have bought a tract of farming land in the northwest quarter of section 8, township 29, range 43, in Platte Lake township, this county, and will improve the land and put up buildings.

Mr. Wiperman was raised on a farm in Germany, studied the best agricultural methods, farmed two years in the dry land of Colorado and four years in the irrigated country.

The Daves Farm Land Co. made the sale and is to be commended in the class of settlers it is interesting in Crow Wing county. Mr. Wiperman is bound to make a success in this section and he will be the means of bringing in more.

THEY RODE THE WHIP

It's not only the kids but the big people too that enjoy riding on the "Whip."

Here are some of the big kids who rode last night:

P. E. Nettleton.
A. G. Trommald.
Judd Wright.
Mrs. Henry Theviott.
Mrs. Peterson.
Jerry Glunt.
Col. C. D. Johnson.
W. H. Cleary.
Fatty Woods.

NOTICE

Clerk's Picnic Wednesday, August 2nd. All stores will be closed all day on that day.

By ORDER OF PRESIDENT.
48-50.

A Hacking Cough Weakens the System

Don't suffer with a hacking cough that has weakened your system—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery. In use over 40 years, and benefiting all who use it, the soothing pine balsam with tar heal the irritated air passages—soothe the raw spots, loosen the mucous and prevents racking the body with coughing. Dr. King's New Discovery induces natural sleep and aids nature to cure you. Sold by all druggists—Advt. its

TONIGHT IS LAST NIGHT OF CARNIVAL

C. A. Wortham Shows Played to Capacity Houses on Friday Night, Grand Finale Tonight

PRAISE FOR C. A. WORTHAM

Commonly Spoken of as "The Little Giant," Commanding Figure in Amusement World

Last night was another big night for the C. A. Wortham shows. All of them doing capacity business. But one more night remains and if you have not been there you are missing the chance of a life time. Never in the history of this town has a carnival organization received the publicity that this one has and of course there is a reason and the reason is plain enough. It is the show that is different, it is the show that has produced something new at last.

For many years past the public have been clamoring for clean shows and it remained for C. A. Wortham to give them what they wanted. For he has eliminated all the old obscene and indecent shows that have done so much to hurt this branch of the show business and has placed before the public an amalgamation of shows that are clean, high class and moral to the very last one.

At the inception of this show "Decency First was the Watch Word." Now it has become permanent.

You find efficiency in all departments and the people are all ladies and gentlemen, every one. The ladies and the children can attend and will find that male escort is not necessary. At every turn you will find some attache of the show looking after the comfort and welfare of their patrons.

C. A. Wortham is a commanding figure in the carnival realm of entertainment. He is commonly spoken of as the "Little Giant" and the sobriquet has been aptly chosen for a number of reasons. He is small of stature, but a big bundle of mentality. Only big propositions appeal to him. But like all big men who handle big propositions he never overlooks the smallest detail.

The Brainerd Dispatch is willing to go on record as saying that they are the very best that have ever come to Brainerd. Now if you have not been out to see the shows avail yourselves of this, your last opportunity, and see them tonight.

ATTENTION WOODMEN

You are all earnestly requested to attend the next lodge meeting, Friday, July 28th, as business of importance is to be attended to, also some new members are to be adopted.
4513 Committee.

Notice to Public

Lorenzo L. Chrisman strictly forbids any one to let Little Chrisman have anything on his time as she refuses to be his wife any longer.
4613p L. J. CHRISMAN.

For Sale or Trade

One good sized team, 22,000 feet of mill run pine lumber, rough or planned as desired. Inquire of Fred Wels, Hubert, Minn. It Sat-w1



The Proof of the Pudding, Etc.

Every day finds some new "talking machine" placed upon the market. Some make great claims as to their features. Hear them and then hear the Victrola and note the clear rich tones just as the artist rendered them. It is the tones which you secure on the Victrola which makes it the supreme instrument of all. We will gladly demonstrate the Victrola to you at any time.

H. F. MICHAEL CO.

DEVELOPMENTS OF WEEK ON RANGE

W. A. Roberts, Who Opened up the Mahnomen Mine to a Shipping Basis, Goes to Oregon

WORKS THERE FOR GUTHRIES

Mahnomen Will Ship 350,000 Tons This Year, Three Shovels in Ore, Soo Hauls Tonnage

W. A. Roberts, who made such success in the opening up and development of the Mahnomen pit mine near Crosby and Ironton, has removed to Portland, Oregon, and will there superintend work for the same company, A. Guthrie & Co. corporation, of St. Paul. Under Mr. Roberts' administration 1,000,000 yards were removed from the pit, which is on ground leased from the Cuyuna Iron & Manganese Ore Co. Three shovels and 150 men are employed. Three cargoes of ore have been shipped and a fourth is being loaded. The tonnage from the mine this year will be about 350,000 tons, the Soo hauling it all. Jack Riley, from St. Cloud, will be Mr. Roberts' successor.

Ground was first broken at the Mahnomen pit May 27, 1915 and the first ore shipped June 15 of this year. Several times excavation work was delayed by the muskeg swamp and water, but all difficulties were successfully surmounted by Mr. Roberts and his men.

The Cuyuna Central Mining Co. is reported to have made a rich strike in hole No. 115 situated in the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 27, township 47, range 29, the drill being 95 feet in good ore and no pinching out being recorded.

Charles W. Potts, of the Potts Exploration Co., has 13 drills at work on the Cuyuna north range. One is northwest of Riverton, one in section 35, township 47, range 29, five in section 3, township 47, range 29, six in section 27, township 47, range 29. Mr. Potts recently bought a drilling equipment from Osterberg & Osterberg, of Tower, who have been drilling on the range.

The Cuyuna-Mille Lac Iron Co., will hold their annual stockholders' meeting at the company's offices, in Lonadale building, Duluth, on August 7. A board of directors is to be elected.

Franklin W. Merritt is starting a shaft on his property near Manganese. Rapid progress is being made with the shaft on the Flynn property. The Hoch and Ferro mines are shipping. Several more drills have been placed east of Manganese.

RESULTS ON THE DIAMOND

National League.

Standing of the Clubs—Brooklyn, 607; Boston, 563; Philadelphia, 560; New York, 488; Chicago, 478; Pittsburgh, 464; St. Louis, 452; Cincinnati, 407.
Philadelphia 5, Pittsburgh 2.
New York 3, Cincinnati 2.
Brooklyn 9, St. Louis 5.
Boston 2, Chicago 1.

American League.

Standing of the Clubs—New York, 582; Boston, 563; Cleveland, 543; Chicago, 543; Detroit, 526; Washington, 516; St. Louis, 462; Philadelphia, 224.
New York 5, Chicago 3.
Detroit 3, Washington 6.
Boston 2, Cleveland 2.
St. Louis 8, Philadelphia 6.

American Association.

Standing of the Clubs—Kansas City, 586; Indianapolis, 563; Louisville, 552; Minneapolis, 536; Toledo, 511; St. Paul, 495; Columbus, 490; Milwaukee, 354.
St. Paul 6, Milwaukee 2.
Minneapolis 7, Kansas City 2.

Northern League.

Fargo 11, Winnipeg 11.
Superior 1, Duluth 3.

TRAVEL SKETCHES

Glimpses of Northern Minnesota and the Iron Range Recorded by Brainerd Man

(Wm. F. J. Pfeiffer)

We left Brainerd Saturday night, July 15, going north on the M. & I. railway. After passing through Merrifield, Hubert and Nisswa with their beautiful summer resorts, we came through the thriving little villages of Pine River, Pequot, Jenkins, Hackensack and Walker.

From Hackensack north the immense cedar swamps stretch as far as International Falls. The passenger is surprised at the splendid work the state is doing in ditching these swamps. For miles one may see these ditches running as straight as an arrow, and in a few years these impassable swamps will be converted into rich grazing lands. All along the line are piled up thousands and thousands of cedar post and telegraph poles. International Falls is the terminus of the M. & I. railway. Here are situated the largest paper mills in the world. Our kodak came in handy, everything of interest was shot at. But crossing over to the Canada side, yours truly had to leave his camera with the customhouse officer and picture taking in Canada came to naught.

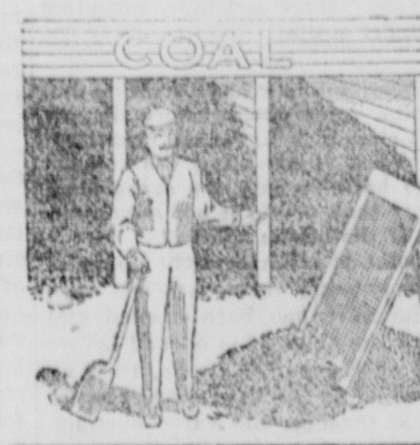
From International Falls we took an auto to Rainier. Here is the finest drawbridge it ever has been our good fortune to behold. The structure is so well balanced that a little child may operate the same.

Rainy Lake we could only contemplate by moon light, as our train left for Virginia at 2:30 a. m. The Duluth & Winnipeg runs through about the same kind of country as the M. & I. Nothing but cedar swamps and sawmills with a few changes to highlands now and then. Gradually the topography of the land assumes a more rolling aspect. Here and there we find some nice clusters of yellow Norway pine, from one to two feet in diameter. The nearer we come to Virginia, the less timber we find and the land becomes overstrewn with rocks and large boulders so thick that agriculture in these parts is a failure.

Virginia is a most beautiful city. Business and dwelling houses look as if they had been freshly scrubbed and painted in honor of strangers passing through the town.

From here we took the Mesaba & Iron Range Electric Railway to Hibbing, which town we found profusely decorated in honor of the convention of the State Federation of Labor. For some of the delegates it was extremely difficult to find comfortable lodging and board. But the citizens of Hibbing surmounted all difficulties. Hospitality seems to come natural to Hibbing. The delegates and their ladies can not give enough praise to the reception and entertainment committees for the reception accorded them. Theater parties, lunches, auto rides to the mines and beauty spots will remain in their memory as long as they live. Cleanliness is another trait of Hibbing and it would be worthy of imitation by other cities to follow their lead.

Now we took another jump to Duluth, via the Great Northern making a big loop through Superior. Nearing Duluth at night is a most imposing sight. The city is very hilly, houses rise tier upon tier and the illumination of these at night is simply grand and worth coming miles to see. After having a ride on the Incline, an electric car that climbs the hill at an angle of about 45 degrees, we visited the wholesale hardware house of Marshall-Wells. Seth Marshall received us and showed us through their immense establishment. Especially interesting is the laboratory. First, we come to the toolroom. Along the wall in glass cases are all kinds of tools, here the employees of the house are taught the ways of using them and



WHICH SIDE OF THE SCREEN

Does your coal come from. Our coal is all carefully inspected before we accept it—is yours? Our coal has no slag or dirt, or in fact any foreign material to add to the weight or detract from the heating quality. We take good care of our trade at all times.

JOHN LARSON

every minute detail of their construction and use.

Next we come to another room with various appliances and machinery for testing raw material as well as finished goods. The shovel tester is a large hopper filled with crushed granite, and four shovels revolve within, shovelling the rock for nine hours. By this time the rock has become powder. Then the shovels are taken out and inspected. One of them was all battered up, and two others showed more or less wear, while the fourth came out nice and sharp, in fact, in better working condition than when put into the machine.

We also were shown the mechanism of the machine testing the tensile strength of steel. Another machine showed us the hardness and temper of different tools. Mr. Holmson, who is in charge of one of the scientific departments, gave us a treat, by magnifying the head of a defective claw hammer a thousand times, throwing the picture on a screen. There every flaw in the grain of the steel and the uneven crystallization was shown, which with the ordinary magnifying glass could not be detected.

But the hootype machine was the one to interest Mrs. Pfeiffer the most and the operator had to show her all the different operations this almost human machine could perform, and as a souvenir Mrs. Pfeiffer carried home her name and address cast on a bar of metal. After being royally entertained by Mr. Marshall, we took the N. P. for home, and arrived at Brainerd Thursday night, July 20, well pleased with the trip taken.

CONCLUDES PASTORATE HERE

Next Tuesday Rev. C. Hougstad Plans an Auto Trip to Wisconsin

C. Hougstad, pastor of the Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church concludes his ministerial work here with the end of the month.

Next Tuesday he plans to start with his family on an auto trip to Wisconsin and Iowa points, expecting to be gone a month or more.

His future plans are not as yet decided upon.

A FIVE YEARS' RECORD

A Test That Must Impress Dispatch Readers

Five years is a long time. A rigid test of merit. Mrs. Hall testified five years ago. She now says the results were permanent.

Can Brainerd ask for better evidence?

Mrs. G. W. Hall, 613 Third Ave., Brainerd, says: "I had frequent attacks of headache with dizziness. I felt languid mornings and was caused inconvenience by the kidney secretions. Doan's Kidney Pills removed all these troubles." (Statement given October 15th, 1910.)

GONE FOR GOOD

OVER THREE YEARS LATER, Mrs. Hall said: "I can't say too much in praise of Doan's Kidney Pills. The benefit they brought has been permanent."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Hall has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Advt.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure

Notice is hereby given, That default has been made and duly exists in the conditions of that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Samuel F. Suively, an unmarried man, as Mortgagor, to Nathaniel J. Upham, as Mortgagee, bearing date November 21st, 1912, which said mortgage was there-after and on November 22nd, 1913, at ten o'clock A. M. filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Crow Wing County, Minnesota, and now appears of record therein in Book 14 of Mortgages, on Page 221, whereby the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative. Subsequent to the date and record of said mortgage, as above stated, the title to the premises described and mortgaged thereby, as hereinafter described, was duly registered under and in accordance with the statute of the State of Minnesota in such case made and provided for the registration of title to land, as evidenced by the decree of registration duly entered in such registration proceedings in the District Court of said Crow Wing County, Minnesota, bearing date May 1st, 1914, a certified copy of which decree was registered in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on May 1, 1914, at 1 o'clock P. M., bearing Document Number 1571, in which decree of registration the mortgage above described was duly referred to and described, and the same was also duly shown as a memorial upon the certificate of title issued in pursuance of said decree and duly entered in volume 11 of Register of Titles of said Crow Wing County, on Page 234, in the office of the Register of Titles of said County, for the year 1915, and in the failure of said mortgagor to pay the principal sum mentioned and secured by said mortgage at maturity, the said mortgage and deed of trust has been instituted at law to recover the amount unpaid under and secured by said mortgage, and there is now claimed to be due and in due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of Two Thousand Three Hundred Sixty and 11-100 Dollars (\$2,366.11); and that default has been made and duly exists in the conditions of said mortgage, and the mortgagor in failing to pay the taxes levied and assessed against said mortgaged property, as required by the terms of said mortgage, for the year 1915, and that the mortgagee has been obliged to and has heretofore advanced and paid such taxes, amounting to the sum of Fifteen and 19-100 Dollars (\$15.90), which amount is also claimed to be due at the date of this notice, in addition to the foregoing, or Two Thousand and Three Hundred Seventy-six and 1-100 Dollars (\$2,376.91).

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a public sale of the property described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely:

An undivided one-eighth (1-8) of Lots Five (5) and Six (6) and the Southeast corner of the Southwest quarter (SE 1/4 of SW 1/4), and which is also described as the fractional Southwest quarter (SW 1/4) of Section Twenty-three (23), Township Forty-seven (47), Range Twenty-nine (29), in Crow Wing County, Minnesota, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County at the front door of the County Court House in the City of Brainerd, in said County, on Monday, the 21st day of August, 1916, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes above mentioned, together with the additional sum of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) as and for attorneys' fees, provided for in said mortgage, to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one (1) year from the date of said sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 28th, 1916.

NATHANIEL J. UPHAM, Mortgagee.

WHIPPLE & RANDALL, Attorneys for Mortgagee, Providence Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

East Or West Northern Pacific A Sign of the Best

For Yellowstone National Park, travel literature or information call on

GEO. W. MOSIER, Agent, Brainerd, Minn.
A. M. CLELAND, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY Yellowstone National Park Line

Look Good—Feel Good

No one can either feel good nor look good while suffering from constipation. Get rid of that tired, irritable, lifeless feeling by a treatment of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Buy a box today, take one or two pills tonight. In the morning that stuffed, dull feeling is gone and you feel better at once. 25c at your druggist.—Advt. tta

FACTORY SALE

Packard and Bond Pianos

Special Reduced Prices

Mr. H. M. Hulme of the Packard Factory will be here to assist in closing out one carload direct from the factory.
Why not have the best Piano in the world. You waste good money by investing in an inferior grade.

WM. GRAHAM

210 So. 6th St. N. W. Phone 617-J Brainerd, Minnesota

HOT WEATHER STORIES GIVEN

Oldest Inhabitant in Brainerd Says
It's the Hottest July in Twen-
ty Years' History

93 MARKED UP YESTERDAY

Track in Shape for the Mercury to
Go Up a Few Points More
This Saturday

July 28 the thermometer at the
Gull lake naval observatory spurted
up to 93 and the track is in good
shape for it to go higher still.
Thermometers in town affected by
radiation from buildings, pavements
or sidewalks, showed 94.

The oldest inhabitant in Brainerd
stroked his venerable beard and said
it was the hottest July he had seen
in 20 years. In the whole month
there were but two cool days and the
man who said Minnesota had winter
in the summer had long ago been re-
duced to the consistency of a grease
spot.

Good reading today: "Cook's Con-
quest of the North Pole," your ice
bill, January record of the tempera-
ture, (you are at liberty to poke
through the Dispatch files if it will
do you any good); "Nansen's Farth-
est North," "Shackleton's Antarctic
Expedition," Jack London's stories
of Alaska, "Tales of Greenland's Ivy
Mountains," "How to Make Mini-
Juleps in the Shade," "Autobio-
graphy of an Ice Man," etc., etc.

Ask Jeph Thompson if he likes the
weather, any kind of weather. It
makes no difference, and Jeph says:
"It's just right."

Friday night there was a big
crowd at the dance at Lum park giv-
en by A. R. Falconer and H. Head-
man. The Blue Ribbon orchestra
discussed sweet music. The lake
breezes were enjoyed to the utmost.
It was a pleasant evening and it
was really cooler dancing than just sit-
ting around. The bus did a thriving
business and jitneys were also on
hand. Near the pavilion were parked
the many cars of the dancers, and
they came to the park, whole parties
of them.

Lars Swelland's thermometer reg-
istered 98 at 1 o'clock today.

McCull is living up to the slogan:
"Eat a plate of ice cream a day," by
selling dryloads of it. The small
family bricks go like hot cakes.

Every summer resort is crowded to
the guards. Trains are loaded, every-
body is making a rush for a cool
place.

EXTRA, EXTRA—Lars Swelland's
thermometer at 2 p. m. registered
100 degrees.

The cement mixer crew quit this
morning because they did not have
sand enough. It was hot weather,
all right. They ran out of sand to
mix in with the cement.

Heat so expanded the big tuba in
the carnival company band that it
was a matter of difficulty to play in
the key of A flat.

"100 degrees of heat, 100 feet of
steel tape and you have an expan-
sion of 1 inch," said City Engineer
C. D. Peacock. With the thermome-
ter close to 100 degrees allowances
will soon have to be made for that
expansion.

P. B. Anderson, three miles south
of town, lost a horse by sunstroke
Friday, the animal collapsing at 11
o'clock in the morning and dying at
3:30. The mare was worth \$200.

MOSQUITO DOG IS BUT CHICKEN HOUND

John Sivertson, well known in
business circles of Brainerd, and who
owns a beautiful country estate near
by, is a disappointed man. His dog
is the cause.

Sivertson was very proud of the
canine. 'Twas a funny looking ani-
mal, but his reputation as a mosqui-
to dog had traveled far and wide.
When his master would sit down on
the hotel steps and the large east-
ern variety of the winged pests would
begin their purring, "Scratch," as
the dog was called, would start to
work. As long as a mosquito re-
mained in the vicinity he would snap
and jump at them.

But finally Sivertson took him to
his country estate. Unfortunately
the canine failed to distinguish be-
tween mosquitoes and chickens and
as a result, the hen house looked like
the morning after. Scratch was
sentenced to die an untimely death,
but an appeal secured a stay of sen-
tence and he is on probation.

GOOD SETTLERS

Fred Wiperman, of Denver, Col., to
Settle in Lake Town-
ship, of This County

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wiperman and
son, aged 10, have bought a tract of
farming land in the northwest quar-
ter of section 8, township 29, range
43, in Platte Lake township, this
county, and will improve the land
and put up buildings.

Mr. Wiperman was raised on a
farm in Germany, studied the best
agricultural methods, farmed two
years in the dry land of Colorado and
four years in the irrigated country.

The Dawes Farm Land Co. made
the sale and is to be commended in
the class of settlers it is interesting
in Crow Wing county. Mr. Wiperman
is bound to make a success in
this section and he will be the means
of bringing in more.

THEY RODE THE WHIP

It's not only the kids but the
big people too that enjoy riding
on the "Whip."

Here are some of the big kids
who rode last night:

P. B. Nettleton.
A. G. Tremmald.
Judd Wright.
Mrs. Henry Thielvott.
Mrs. Peterson.
Jerry Hunt.
Col. C. D. Johnson.
W. H. Cleary.
Fatty Woods.

NOTICE

Clerk's Plente Wednesday, August
2nd. All stores will be closed all
day on that day.

By ORDER OF PRESIDENT,
48-50.

A Hacking Cough Weakens the System

Don't suffer with a hacking cough
that has weakened your system—get
a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery.
In use over 40 years, and benefiting
all who use it, the soothing pine bal-
sam with tar heal the irritated air
passages—soothe the raw spots, loos-
ens the mucous and prevents rack-
ing the body with coughing. Dr.
King's New Discovery induces natu-
ral sleep and aids nature to cure you.
Sold by all druggists—Advt. tfs

TONIGHT IS LAST NIGHT OF CARNIVAL

C. A. Wortham Shows Played to Ca-
pacity Houses on Friday Night,
Grand Finale Tonight

PRAISE FOR C. A. WORTHAM

Commonly Spoken of as "The Little
Giant," Commanding Figure,
in Amusement World

Last night was another big night
for the C. A. Wortham shows. All
of them doing capacity business.
But one more night remains and if
you have not been there you are
missing the chance of a life time.
Never in the history of this town has
a carnival organization received the
publicity that this one has and of
course there is a reason and the reason
is plain enough. It is the show
that is different, it is the show that
has produced something new at last.

For many years past the public
have been clamoring for clean shows
and it remained for C. A. Wortham
to give them what they wanted. For
he has eliminated all the old obscene
and indecent shows that have done
so much to hurt this branch of the
show business and has placed before
the public an amalgamation of
shows that are clean, high class and
moral to the very last one.

At the inception of this show
"Decency First was the Watch
Word." Now it has become perma-
nent.

You find efficiency in all depart-
ments and the people are all ladies
and gentlemen, every one. The
ladies and the children can attend
and will find that male escort is not
necessary. At every turn you will
find some attache of the show look-
ing after the comfort and welfare of
their patrons.

C. A. Wortham is a commanding
figure in the carnival realm of en-
tertainment. He is commonly spok-
en of as the "Little Giant," and the
sobriquet has been aptly chosen for
a number of reasons. He is small
of stature, but a big bundle of men-
tality. Only big propositions appeal
to him. But like all big men who
handle big propositions he never
overlooks the smallest detail.

The Brainerd Dispatch is willing
to go on record as saying that they
are the very best that have ever
come to Brainerd. Now if you have
not been out to see the shows avail
yourself of this, your last oppor-
tunity, and see them tonight.

ATTENTION WOODMEN

You are all earnestly requested to
attend the next lodge meeting, Fri-
day, July 28th, as business of impor-
tance is to be attended to, also some
new members are to be accepted.
4513 Committee.

Notice to Public

Lorenzo L. Chrisman strictly for-
bids any one to let Lillie Chrisman
have anything on his time as she re-
fuses to be his wife any longer.
4643p L. J. CHRISMAN.

For Sale or Trade

One good sized team, 22,000 feet
of mill run pine lumber, rough or
planed as desired. Inquire of Fred
Wels, Hubert, Minn. 1t Sat-wi



The Proof of the Pudding, Etc.

Every day finds some new "talking machine" placed upon the
market. Some make great claims as to their features.
Hear them and then hear the Victrola and note the clear rich
tones just as the artist rendered them. It is the tones which you
secure on the Victrola which makes it the supreme instrument of
all. We will gladly demonstrate the Victrola to you at any time.

H. F. MICHAEL CO.

DEVELOPMENTS OF WEEK ON RANGE

W. A. Roberts, Who Opened up the
Mahnommen Mine to a Shipping
Basis, Goes to Oregon

WORKS THERE FOR GUTHRIES

Mahnommen Will Ship 350,000 Tons
This Year, Three Shovels in
Ore, Soo Hauls Tonnage

W. A. Roberts, who made such
success in the opening up and de-
velopment of the Mahnommen pit
near Crosby and Ironton, has
removed to Portland, Oregon, and
will there superintend work for the
same company, A. Guthrie & Co. cor-
poration, of St. Paul. Under Mr.
Roberts' administration 1,000,000
yards were removed from the pit,
which is on ground leased from the
Cuyuna Iron & Manganese Ore Co.
Three shovels and 150 men are em-
ployed. Three cargoes of ore have
been shipped and a fourth is being
loaded. The tonnage from the mine
this year will be about 350,000
tons, the Soo hauling it all. Jack
Riley, from St. Cloud, will be Mr.
Roberts' successor.

Ground was first broken at the
Mahnommen pit May 27, 1915 and the
first ore shipped June 15 of this
year. Several times excavation work
was delayed by the muskeg swamp
and water, but all difficulties were
successfully surmounted by Mr.
Roberts and his men.

The Cuyuna Central Mining Co.
is reported to have made a rich
strike in hole No. 115 situated in
the northeast quarter of section 27,
township 47, range 29, the drill be-
ing 95 feet in good ore and no pinch-
ing out being recorded.

Charles W. Potts, of the Potts Ex-
ploration Co., has 13 drills at work
on the Cuyuna north range. One is
northwest of Riverton, one in sec-
tion 35, township 47, range 29, five
in section 3, township 47, range 29,
six in section 27, township 47, range
29. Mr. Potts recently bought a
drilling equipment from Osterberg &
Osterberg, of Tower, who have been
drilling on the range.

The Cuyuna-Mille Lacs Iron Co.,
will hold their annual stockholders
meeting at the company's offices, in
Lonsdale building, Duluth, on August
7. A board of directors is to be
elected.

Franklin W. Merritt is starting a
shaft on his property near Mangan-
ese. Rapid progress is being made
with the shaft on the Flynn property.
The Hoch and Ferro mines are ship-
ping. Several more drills have been
placed east of Manganese.

RESULTS ON THE DIAMOND

National League.
Standing of the Clubs—Brooklyn,
607; Boston, 563; Philadelphia, 560;
New York, 488; Chicago, 478; Pitts-
burg, 464; St. Louis, 452; Cincinnati,
467.
Philadelphia 5, Pittsburgh 2.
New York 3, Cincinnati 2.
Brooklyn 5, St. Louis 5.
Boston 2, Chicago 1.

American League.
Standing of the Clubs—New York,
582; Boston, 563; Cleveland, 543;
Chicago, 543; Detroit, 526; Washing-
ton, 516; St. Louis, 462; Philadel-
phia, 224.
New York 5, Chicago 3.
Detroit 3, Washington 0.
Boston 3, Cleveland 2.
St. Louis 8, Philadelphia 6.

American Association.
Standing of the Clubs—Kansas City,
586; Indianapolis, 563; Louisville,
552; Minneapolis, 536; Toledo, 511;
St. Paul, 495; Columbus, 409; Mil-
waukee, 354.
St. Paul 6, Milwaukee 2.
Minneapolis 7, Kansas City 2.

Northern League.
 Fargo 11, Winnipeg 11.
 Superior 1, Duluth 3.

TRAVEL SKETCHES

Glimpses of Northern Minnesota and
the Iron Range Recorded by
Brainerd Man

(Wm. F. J. Pfeiffer)

We left Brainerd Saturday night,
July 15, going north on the M. & I.
railway. After passing through
Merrifield, Hubert and Nisawa with
their beautiful summer resorts, we
came through the thriving little vil-
lages of Pine River, Pequot, Jenkins,
Hackensack and Walker.

From Hackensack north the im-
mense cedar swamps stretch as far as
International Falls. The passenger
is surprised at the splendid work the
state is doing in ditching these
swamps. For miles one may see
these ditches running as straight as
an arrow, and in a few years these
impassable swamps will be converted
into rich grazing lands. All along
the line are piled up thousands and
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graph poles. International Falls is
the terminus of the M. & I. railway.
Here are situated the largest paper
mills in the world. Our kodak came
in handy, everything of interest was
shot at. But crossing over to the Can-
ada side, yours truly had to leave
his camera with the customhouse of-
ficer and picture taking in Canada
came to naught.

From International Falls we took
an auto to Rainier. Here is the fine-
st drawbridge it ever has been our
good fortune to behold. The struc-
ture is so well balanced that a little
child may operate the same.

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Does your coal come from. Our
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JOHN LARSON

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure

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Readers

Five years is a long time.
A rigid test of merit.
Mrs. Hall testified five years ago.
She now says the results were perma-
nent.

Can Brainerd ask for better evi-
dence?
Mrs. G. W. Hall, 613 Third Ave.,
Brainerd, says: "I had frequent at-
tacks of backache with dizziness. I
felt languid mornings and was cau-
sed inconvenience by the kidney se-
cretions. Doan's Kidney Pills re-
moved all these troubles." (State-
ment given October 12th, 1910.)

GONE FOR GOOD

OVER THREE YEARS LATER.
Mrs. Hall said: "I can't say too much
in praise of Doan's Kidney Pills.
The benefit they brought has been
permanent."
Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't
simply ask for a kidney remedy—get
Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that
Mrs. Hall has twice publicly recom-
mended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props.,
Buffalo, N. Y.—Advt.

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given
that by virtue of the power of sale con-
tained in said mortgage and pursuant to
the statute in such case made and pro-
vided, said mortgage will be foreclosed
by a public sale of the property de-
scribed in and conveyed by said mort-
gage, namely:

An undivided one-eighth (1/8) of Lots
Five (5) and Six (6) of the Southeast
quarter of the Southwest quarter (SE 1/4
of SW 1/4), and which is also described
as the fractional Southwest quarter
(SW 1/4) of Section Twenty-three (23),
Township Forty-seven (47), Range
Twenty-nine (29), in Crow Wing County,
Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a public sale of the property described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely:

An undivided one-eighth (1/8) of Lots
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quarter of the Southwest quarter (SE 1/4
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Notice is hereby given that the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a public sale of the property described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely:

Packard and Bond Pianos

Special Reduced Prices

Mr. H. M. Hulme of the Packard Factory will be here to assist
in closing out one carload direct from the factory.
Why not have the best Piano in the world. You waste good
money by investing in an inferior grade.

WM. GRAHAM

210 So. 6th St. N. W. Phone 617-J Brainerd, Minnesota

WANTS

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Dining room girl. Dairy Lunch. 36tf

WANTED—Girl for white dishes. Ransford hotel. 45tf

WANTED—Woman cook and kitchen girl. Herbert's Lunch Room. 44tf

WANTED—Good, reliable girl for housework. 601 South Sixth street. 48tf

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WANTED—One dining room girl, one second cook and one kitchen girl, at the Webster hotel, River-ton, Minn. 4516-w11

WANTED—A good carpenter to help build a summer cottage at Nisewa beginning August 1st. State salary wanted in your reply. Address H. C. Wittmann, Lincoln, Neb. 4513p

WANTED—A specialty salesman, experienced. Age twenty-five, forty-five. A salesman capable of earning twenty-five hundred dollars a year commission. Address Wayne Oil Tank & Pump Co. Fourteen hundred Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill. Give street address and phone number. 11p

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished house, 1412 Oak street. Inquire at premises. 4616

FOR RENT—Modern 6 room flat. Call E. C. Bane, 1st National bank. 72-L. 44tf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with bath, telephone, block from high school, 722 South Broadway. 1f

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FOR RENT—Sleeping room for one or two and light housekeeping suite at the Mahlum block. 4616

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FOR SALE

FOR SALE—3 fresh cows. C. W. Koering. 4515

BIG SALE—Large splendid lots, low priced, easy terms. Nettleton. 33tf

FOR SALE or will trade, good eighty near Milaca for 5 or 6 room house in Brainerd. Call 308 2nd Ave. N. E. 4416p

FOR SALE—House, barn and two lots, 1205 South 5th street, \$1800, half payment down. George H. Gardner. 37tf

FOR SALE—My place on the north shore of Long Lake, 9 miles north of Brainerd, three-quarters of a mile of lake front, containing 150 acres. Address A. N. Tingelaf, Altoona, Ill., P. O. Box 219. 45110p

BARGAIN—For Sale Cheap—Dairy—18 head No. 1 Dairy cattle, steam separator, steam bottle washer and other equipment, including milk route. Horses, harness, wagon, farming utensils at bargain. Terms, reasonable cash payment, balance monthly. Act quick. T. E. Welsh, Brainerd, Minn. 44tf-w11

MISCELLANEOUS

LOST—A ring of keys. Return to this office. 4713p

IF you have property for sale or rent list it with Nettleton. 33tf

ESTRAYED—Small red cow, Notify Brockway & Parker, phone 71. 45tf

LOST—Two bunches of keys, 12 or more, on small chain. Return Dispatch office. 4713p

WANTED—Flat, 5 or 6 room, or house. Address C. L. Motl, county engineer, Court house. 47tf

TWO connecting rooms, with bath, furnished for bedroom, or partly furnished for light housekeeping. 206 Kingwood. 47tf

LOST—At Lum park July 20, a man's brown coat. Finder please return to C. Swindell, 821 Mill street and be rewarded. 41tf

WANTED—I have customers for residence property and vacant lots. List your property for sale with Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper block. 228tf

LOST—\$15 in bills, a \$5 and a \$10, between O'Brien's store and the N. P. ice house on Laurel and Sixth. Return to Houghton's jewelry store for reward. 4813

Expert Advice For the Automobile Owner

Queries and Replies Covering Matters of Importance to the Man Who Runs a Car

How much oil should be put in the crank case at a time?

Most engines have a pet cock on the side of the crank case, which determines the oil level. If not this, there should be a sight gauge. Not knowing the type of motor you have it is impossible to tell definitely the amount of oil necessary except to state that there must be sufficient oil in the crank case to allow the connecting rods to dip in a bath of oil and splash the oil in and about the various bearings, including the cylinder walls.

I am overhauling my car and find that the intake valve opens before the exhaust is closed. What is the reason for this? Would it not allow the exhaust gases to back up into the carburetor? Or, if not that, would it not impair the suction of the intake charge?

The point is often brought up as to why the exhaust valves are left open after the inlet has been opened and also why the exhaust is opened before the end of the power stroke, thus allowing some of the explosive pressure to escape through the valve opening. Examination of the conditions of operation soon dispels any thought that the exhaust should remain closed until the very end of the explosion stroke at least.

As a matter of fact, the practice is almost universal of leaving the inlet valve open until the piston has not only reached the bottom of its suction, but has actually started back on its compression stroke, ordinarily about one-half inch up. At first it would seem that some of the gas drawn in would be forced back again into the inlet passage, but the speed of the engine must be taken into consideration. At a normal rate of running about fifteen cycles would be completed in one second with a moderate speed engine, and at such a speed the piston has reached the lowest point of its stroke before the gas has all been able to get in because the gas moves slower. So even when the compression stroke has begun there is still some slight suction tending to draw more fuel in.

What is meant by three point suspension of a motor?

Three point suspension means that the engine is supported in the chassis at three points only. There is usually a support of either side of the fly-wheel and one in the center at the front. This allows the power plant to maintain a level position without regard to the twisting of the frame under any conditions.

Is there any way to take up the wear in a full floating rear axle?

If by wear you mean wear of the gears you can take this up by moving the teeth of the pinion and ring gear closer together. There are usually adjustments either side of the ring gear to allow of its being moved slightly to the right or left, and there is usually an adjustment providing for the moving of the pinion back or forward.

What is meant by thermal efficiency?

Thermal efficiency is the ratio of the work actually done, when expressed in heat units, to the total heat supplied in the fuel that enters the combustion chamber.

What is meant by center of gravity of an automobile?

The center of gravity of a body, whether it be a motorcar or any other thing, is that point about which, if suspended, all the parts will be in equilibrium and there will be no rotary tendency.

Does a carburetor work as economically on medium or very low throttle as it does on open throttle?

An engine will not operate very economically on extremely low throttle, due to the fact that it requires a richer mixture. This is inherent and cannot be overcome in the carburetor. A carburetor will give the best mileage at medium speeds, although there should not be any particular speed at which the motor will run most economically. Of course wide open throttle running is not economical because the motor is overcoming increased internal resistance if high speed is attained, and if high speed is not attained it is due to work put on the engine because of a grade or bad road.

My car runs well on the battery, but misses at all speeds on the magneto. Everything has been done that I can think of to remedy this, but to no avail. The induction coil has been changed, spark plugs, wiring tested, etc. Can it be in the relay? The distributor block has been changed.

Since you get a good spark on the battery side it is very likely the fault lies in the magneto side of the distributor points. These probably are pitted, and until you have repaired or replaced them you will continue to have trouble. Examine the points of your distributor. If there is enough platinum left they may be cleaned by filing, but if they are worn down to the brass they must be replaced with new ones. Then, again, they may be set wrong. It is hardly likely that the fault is in the relay. Get the distributor points right first, then if the trouble continues look to your relay.

If a motor has a long stroke and small bore and another has a short stroke and large bore and they both have the same cubic inch displacement, what would cause the difference in power, or is there any difference? Which is considered the better?

The problem as to which stroke bore ratio is better seems to be insoluble at present, as engineers disagree on this point. Some prefer the short stroke, others adhere to the square motor, while the majority believe in the long stroke. A recent article set forth the advantages and disadvantages of the long stroke motor as follows: The advantages resulting from a careful study of the subject are: (1) Smaller mechanical losses and less wear in the motor bearings; (2) better thermal efficiency in the medium long stroke type as caused by the decrease of heat losses from the cylinder and better mixing of the fresh charge at its entrance into the cylinder; (3) higher range of maximum obtainable piston speed; (4) more favorable type for high compression work; (5) better for the use of poor grades of fuel; (6) smaller loss of pressure in the cylinders due to less harmful influence on the performance of the motor because of expansion and distortion due to piston and cylinder heating; (8) accessibility of the valve mechanism due to greater space permissible for these parts; (9) better low speed performance; (10) somewhat lower temperature and pressure of the exhaust.

The disadvantages mentioned are: (1) Motor accelerates with more vibration unless extra light moving parts are used; (2) larger timing gears necessary due to the distance between the cam shaft and crank shaft to provide for connecting rod clearance (larger timing gears call for more noise, a higher peripheral velocity and added cost); (3) heavier valve mechanism parts, resulting in noisier valve action; (4) less adaptable to four cylinder motors using two bearing crank shafts and sixes using three bearings.

These advantages and disadvantages take for granted that the long and short stroke motors discussed have the same construction otherwise. The advantages of the long stroke may be considered as disadvantages of the short stroke, and vice versa.

I cannot get the motor of my new car to run smoothly, although I have adjusted the carburetor in every possible way. After running the motor a few minutes I notice that some water is discharged from the exhaust pipe. The water from the radiator goes through the intake manifold. Could water get into the cylinders from that source? I strain the gasoline through chamois skin and do not think it could get in that way.

Water should not come from the exhaust pipe when the engine is running. You state that the water pipe from the radiator goes through the intake manifold. If this is the case possibly one of the gaskets is defective and water is being sucked directly into the cylinders from this source.

If you cannot readily detect the water leak in any of the joints you possibly will find a sand hole in one of the castings which is leaking water. It may be necessary for you to have the cylinders taken off and tested under pressure for a water leak. A very small sand hole in a cylinder will cause you trouble and cannot readily be detected under ordinary pressure. Water in the cylinders will cause the miss in your engine irrespective of carburetor adjustment.

Will you please give me the formula for figuring the number of revolutions a gear must be turned to bring corresponding tooth marks together on timing gears set with odd teeth?

The method of figuring the number of revolutions a gear must turn to bring corresponding tooth marks together on timing gears set with odd teeth is simply to calculate the least common multiple of the number of teeth on each wheel. For instance, if one wheel has sixteen teeth and the other has ten teeth the least common multiple would be 80. Then for every eight revolutions of the ten tooth wheel or five revolutions of the sixteen tooth wheel the same teeth would come into mesh.

Would water admitted into cylinders from the intake manifold, which is then converted into steam, keep the cylinders free from carbon?

Admission of water into the intake manifold and then into the cylinders is utilized frequently to prevent deposit of carbon and to keep carbon deposits soft. Many owners have found that such a method gives very good results.

Will you please explain the proper timing as to opening and closing of both exhaust and intake valves and the relation of spark when full retard?

What is the maximum r. p. m. if so timed?

The proper timing depends upon the speed of the motor, the size of the valves, design of the engine, and hence it would be impossible arbitrarily to give you a specific timing without knowing the engine. The maximum r. p. m. would also depend entirely on the design.

UNITED STATES APPROVES PLAN

Accepts Proposal to Settle Mexican Dispute.

FORWARDS NOTE TO CARRANZA

Joint International Commission Will Be Created for the Purpose of Seeking a Solution of All Problems Affecting the Border.

Washington, July 29.—General Carranza was informed in a note handed to his ambassador here the Washington government is prepared to submit to a joint international commission the task of seeking a solution of border problems.

The proposal of the de facto government for a commission is accepted, however, with the suggestion the powers of the commissioners be enlarged beyond the limits proposed in the Mexican note of July 12.

Agreement to this suggestion is expected and it was said officially the American members will be appointed and the commission be assembled at some point in the United States at an early date.

Appointment of the American commissioners will await General Carranza's reply.

President Wilson is understood to have at least a score of men under consideration for appointment as commissioners. Among them are Chief Justice White, Major General Goethals, former governor of the canal zone, Frederick Lehman, former solicitor general, and Louis D. Brandeis, associate justice of the supreme court.

Unofficial information from Mexico City has been to the effect that Luis Cabrera, Mexican minister of finance, would head the Mexican membership of the commission.

AFFECTS ABOUT 3,000 MEN

Minneapolis Flour Mill Workers Are Given Raise.

Minneapolis, July 29.—Nearly 3,000 men who work in the flour mills of Minneapolis will find their pay envelopes heavier after Aug. 1, in consequence of a voluntary increase in wages amounting to 10 per cent in some cases, announced by the larger milling companies. There has been no demand on the part of the men for higher wages and the increases will come as a surprise to them. The raise is granted, the millers said, because it is realized that there has been an increase in the cost of living in the last year or two.

The advances do not extend to office employees and others in clerical work.

The extra sums that the companies will have to appropriate will go to the men engaged in the actual work of grinding, packing or loading the flour.

\$25,000,000 NEEDED TO FORTIFY ISLANDS

Washington, July 29.—It will cost approximately \$25,000,000 to adequately fortify and defend the Danish West Indies, according to army experts here who are deeply interested in the government's prospective purchase.

Both army and navy authorities believe that the first problem of this government after acquiring the islands will be to make them impregnable to attack from an enemy in case of war.

The plan of Secretary Daniels of the navy to build up this site as the future naval base of the United States in these waters emphasizes, it is explained, the importance of adequate fortifications.

The proximity of the islands to the Panama canal and the fact that the harbor affords facilities for the entire American battleship fleet to be assembled there further demonstrates the role which this base might play in case of war between the United States and a European power.

MERCURY AT 97 DEGREES

Three Deaths and Seventeen Prostrations in Twin Cities.

St. Paul, July 29.—Three deaths and seventeen prostrations were the toll of the heat wave in the Twin Cities Friday. The temperature reached 97 degrees, setting a new record for the season.

One death and eight prostrations were caused in St. Paul and two deaths and nine prostrations in Minneapolis.

Travel Pay for Soldiers.

New York, July 29.—Contrary to the report that guardsmen now at the border, released under the order permitting men with dependent relatives to be discharged on application, must pay their own transportation home, it was learned that an order which went into effect July 1 provides that they receive travel pay at the rate of 34 cents a mile.

FLAGS OF IRELAND

Only Since 1798 Has Green Been the National Color.

BEFORE THEN IT WAS BLUE.

That Was the Color of Fionn Mac-Cumhaill's Standard, Which Is Said to Be the True Flag of Erin—The Ancient "Spear and Serpent."

The universal belief concerning the flag of Ireland is that it has always been "the harp without the crown" imposed on a field of green and that green has from time immemorial been Erin's color.

I venture to say that ninety out of every hundred persons will assert, in answer to a query, that the harp on a green background has constituted Ireland's national design these many centuries, this belief obtaining generally among the Irish themselves.

In opposition to this belief it will appear strange when the asseveration is made that Ireland's national color until something more than a century ago was blue.

It may indeed produce a bit of a shock to many who have been wedded to the notion that "the Emerald Isle," "the shamrock so green," "our green Isle beyond the sea" and other similar expressions were indissolubly and forever connected with the country's national colors.

But as a matter of fact the green flag made its first appearance in 1798, the year of the uprising, so that as flags go it is comparatively new. Green, you know, is a blend of the orange and the blue, and it is asserted that green was adopted in 1798 by the United Irishmen to typify the union of north and south, orange being the color affected in the northern part of Ireland and blue in the southern provinces.

In point of antiquity the real Irish flag is the "spear and serpent," which appears in the arms of the O'Sullivan's. It is said to commemorate the incident of Gaothai Glas, the ancestor of Milesius, who, tradition says, was cured of a snake bite by the rod of Moses.

Next to that comes the flag of Fionn Mac-Cumhaill's militia, the golden sun set on a blue ground, and the weight of opinion among all Irish students of research seems to favor this as the true national flag. Indeed, blue was always Ireland's national color until 1798.

Quite a number of other flags have figured in Irish history, and each of them has its line of enthusiastic supporters. Not the least popular among these is the flag exhibiting three golden crowns imposed on a blue ground, which figures at the present day in the arms of the province of Munster.

This flag was accepted after the Norman invasion in the year 1170 as the ensign of Ireland, the three crowns representing the kingdoms of Desmond, Ormond and Thomond. It was retained until 1547, when Henry VIII. abolished it and substituted the harp.

Coming down to more recent times it is found that the parliament of Ireland, of which Henry Grattan was the head, did not recognize green, although it did accept the harp. That parliament's flag was a golden harp on a blue ground.

At the time of the union with England in 1801 a new flag was evolved apparently for the express purpose of incorporating it with what is now known as the union jack, but it does not seem to have caught the popular fancy any more than the act of union.

This was the red saltire on a white ground, which was christened St. Patrick's cross. Apparently it was taken from the arms of Trinity college at Dublin, though how Dublin came by it is a mystery.

The tricolor of green, white and orange—"The orange and green, with the stripe of peace between"—is the recognized flag of the Irish Nationalists, whose aim is complete independence.—James T. Doyle in Baltimore American.

CUSTOMS IN LIBERIA.

A Land Where Mothers Teach Their Young to Bite and Slap.

An amusing incident is related by Amanda Smith in her experiences as a missionary in Liberia. In attempting to gather the little children together for a day school she made a chart of a few of the letters of the alphabet and hung it upon a tree. Needing a pointer, she picked up a stick and, approaching the chart to teach, was surprised to see all her children running away pell-mell. They knew nothing about the use of the pointer, but believed that the stick meant a beating.

"A stick is put into children's hands here almost as soon as they can crawl, and they are taught to beat instead of to pat. The mother is pleased when her babe learns to slap her and bite her, and she continues the battle for his sake. This means no disrespect. He is learning to be a warrior—is learning to be brave. At times I have been bitten hard by these warlike little ones because they misunderstood my European ways. But no child ever attempted to bite me a second time. My reception of his act was so different from that of his parents that he didn't care to continue the battle.

"Fear often prevents a ready response to our efforts to carry on school work among these children," she continues. "In one village it took three years to persuade the people to let their children come to school. 'No,' they said, 'our children must not learn the white man's art. If they know such things they will be taken for soldiers by the government.'

"Again, superstition holds the children back. If a boy or girl who comes to school gets sick or dies the whole school breaks up. 'Is not that proof enough that our gods are angry?' the parents ask. Then the missionary must win the children back again.

"Very interesting are the schools under native teachers. Often lacking the proper supplies, pupils have to write their lessons on fresh banana leaves with a whittled stick to take the place of pen and pencil and the juice of a wild tomato plant for ink. Banana leaves shrivel up in a day, and the lessons cannot be preserved unless they are constantly rewritten. A bench serves as both seat and table. When the pupils write their lessons they kneel on the ground and use the bench for a desk."—New York Evening Sun.

Something Different. "Fludub has written a very unusual romance."

"What's the startling theme?"

"It's about a married couple who live most happily together."—Kansas City Journal.

White Bros.

Lawn Mowers \$3.25 to \$12.00
Grass Catchers \$1.25 to \$1.35
Lawn Hose, per foot 10c to 18c
Lawn Rakes 50c

Garden Tools of all kinds
Refrigerators, all Prices
Fishing Tackle of all kinds
Boat Oars and Canoe Paddles
Pearl Wire Cloth, 16 mesh for your new cottage and porch.
Express and Coaster Wagons

Tel. 57 :-- 616 Laurel St.

HAVE IT REPAIRED

CLEANED AND REBUILT LIKE NEW, THE COST IS SO LITTLE
The Dispatch Repair Directory gives all the principal places where an article can be repaired, and should be preserved in every home as a ready guide

AUTO AND CARRIAGE PAINTING
Special on Motorcycles
Furniture Refinishing
S. PETERSON
25 Kindred St., Brainerd

AUTOMOBILES REPAIRED
First Class Work Guaranteed
AL. PETERSON
At E. R. S. AUTO CO.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE In The Dispatch
D. L. WHITNEY
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
710 Front Street
51-1m

RALPH W. LONG
Plumbing and Heating
Repair Work Promptly Attended to
710 Laurel Phone 372
3-1mp

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

Repairing of Autos, Gasoline Engines, Heating Plants, Plumbing, The Sherlund Co., 312-314 South Sixth St., Brainerd, Minn.

THOSE WHO KNOW
Buy their Oil and Gasoline from the BRAINERD OIL CO.
A. E. Jones, Manager
ALL KINDS OF OIL
Phone 525-L Brainerd, Minn.

Railroad Time Table And Business Directory

Brainerd Dispatch Time Card
N. P. Railroad Co.
Depot Corner 6th and Main Sts.
To Duluth 4:00 a. m. 4:10 a. m.
To Duluth 2:27 p. m. 2:35 p. m.
To St. Paul 5:35 a. m. 5:45 a. m.
To St. Paul 11:50 a. m. 1:05 p. m.
Staples 12:02 a. m. 12:15 a. m.
Staples 11:53 a. m. 12:05 p. m.
M. & I. Railroad Co.
Depot Corner 6th and Main Sts.
NORTH BOUND
To Int. Falls 12:10 a. m. 12:25 a. m.
To Kellinow 1:50 p. m. 2:05 p. m.

TURCOTTE BROTHERS
Fruits and Vegetables a Specialty
Groceries, Flour and Feed
318-320 S. 6th St. Phone 254.
WHEN IN NEED OF OFFICE STATIONERY Call up the BRAINERD DISPATCH
H. W. Phone 74

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WANTED—Girl for white dishes. Ransford hotel. 45tf

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BIG SALE—Large splendid lots, low priced, easy terms. Nettleton. 33tf

FOR SALE or will trade, good eighty near Milaca for 5 or 6 room house in Brainerd. Call 308 2nd Ave. N. E. 441p

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MISCELLANEOUS

LOST—A ring of keys. Return to this office. 4713p

IF you have property for sale or rent list it with Nettleton. 33tf

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LOST—At Lum park July 20, a man's brown coat. Finder please return to C. Swindell, 821 Mill street and be rewarded. 41tf

WANTED—I have customers for residence property and vacant lots. List your property for sale with Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper block. 228tf

LOST—\$15 in bills, a \$5 and a \$10, between O'Brien's store and the N. P. ice house on Laurel and Sixth. Return to Houghton's jewelry store for reward. 481p

Expert Advice For the Automobile Owner

Queries and Replies Covering Matters of Importance to the Man Who Runs a Car

How much oil should be put in the crank case at a time?

Most engines have a pet cock on the side of the crank case, which determines the oil level. If not this, there should be a sight gauge. Not knowing the type of motor you have it is impossible to tell definitely the amount of oil necessary except to state that there must be sufficient oil in the crank case to allow the connecting rods to dip in a bath of oil and splash the oil in and about the various bearings, including the cylinder walls.

I am overhauling my car and find that the intake valve opens before the exhaust is closed. What is the reason for this? Would it not allow the exhaust gases to back up into the carburetor? Or, if not that, would it not impair the suction of the intake charge?

The point is often brought up as to why the exhaust valves are left open after the inlet has been opened and also why the exhaust is opened before the end of the power stroke, thus allowing some of the explosive pressure to escape through the valve opening. Examination of the conditions of operation soon dispels any thought that the exhaust should remain closed until the very end of the explosion stroke at least.

As a matter of fact, the practice is almost universal of leaving the inlet valve open until the piston has not only reached the bottom of its suction, but has actually started back on its compression stroke, ordinarily about one-half inch up. At first it would seem that some of the gas drawn in would be forced back again into the inlet passage, but the speed of the engine must be taken into consideration. At a normal rate of running about fifteen cycles would be completed in one second with a moderate speed engine, and at such a speed the piston has reached the lowest point of its stroke before the gas has all been able to get in because the gas moves slower. So even when the compression stroke has begun there is still some slight suction tending to draw more fuel in.

What is meant by three point suspension of a motor?

Three point suspension means that the engine is supported in the chassis at three points only. There is usually a support of either side of the flywheel and one in the center at the front. This allows the power plant to maintain a level position without regard to the twisting of the frame under any conditions.

Is there any way to take up the wear in a full floating rear axle?

If by wear you mean wear of the gears you can take this up by moving the teeth of the pinion and ring gear closer together. There are usually adjustments either side of the ring gear to allow of its being moved slightly to the right or left, and there is usually an adjustment providing for the moving of the pinion back or forward.

What is meant by thermal efficiency?

Thermal efficiency is the ratio of the work actually done, when expressed in heat units, to the total heat supplied in the fuel that enters the combustion chamber.

What is meant by center of gravity of an automobile?

The center of gravity of a body, whether it be a motorcar or any other thing, is that point about which, if suspended, all the parts will be in equilibrium and there will be no rotary tendency.

Does a carburetor work as economically on medium or very low throttle as it does on open throttle?

An engine will not operate very economically on extremely low throttle, due to the fact that it requires a richer mixture. This is inherent and cannot be overcome in the carburetor. A carburetor will give the best mileage at medium speeds, although there should not be any particular speed at which the motor will run most economically. Of course wide open throttle running is not economical because the motor is overcoming increased internal resistance if high speed is attained, and if high speed is not attained it is due to work put on the engine because of a grade or bad road.

My car runs well on the battery, but misses at all speeds on the magneto. Everything has been done that I can think of to remedy this, but to no avail. The induction coil has been changed, spark plugs, wiring tested, etc. Can it be in the relay? The distributor block has been changed.

Since you get a good spark on the battery side it is very likely the fault lies in the magneto side of the distributor points. These probably are pitted, and until you have repaired or replaced them you will continue to have trouble. Examine the points of your distributor. If there is enough platinum left they may be cleaned by filing, but if they are worn down to the brass they must be replaced with new ones. Then, again, they may be set wrong. It is hardly likely that the fault is in the relay. Get the distributor points right first, then if the trouble continues look to your relay.

If a motor has a long stroke and small bore and another has a short stroke and large bore and they both have the same cubic inch displacement, what would cause the difference in power, or is there any difference? Which is considered the better?

The problem as to which stroke bore ratio is better seems to be insoluble at present, as engineers disagree on this point. Some prefer the short stroke, others adhere to the square motor, while the majority believe in the long stroke. A recent article set forth the advantages and disadvantages of the long stroke motor as follows: The advantages resulting from a careful study of the subject are: (1) Smaller mechanical losses and less wear in the motor bearings; (2) better thermal efficiency in the medium long stroke type as caused by the decrease of heat losses from the cylinder and better mixing of the fresh charge at its entrance into the cylinder; (3) higher range of maximum obtainable piston speed; (4) more favorable type for high compression work; (5) better for the use of poor grades of fuel; (6) smaller loss of pressure in the cylinders due to less harmful influence on the performance of the motor because of expansion and distortion due to piston and cylinder heating; (8) accessibility of the valve mechanism due to greater space permissible for these parts; (9) better low speed performance; (10) somewhat lower temperature and pressure of the exhaust.

The disadvantages mentioned are: (1) Motor accelerates with more vibration unless extra light moving parts are used; (2) larger timing gears necessary due to the distance between the cam shaft and crank shaft to provide for connecting rod clearance (larger timing gears call for more noise, a higher peripheral velocity and added cost); (3) heavier valve mechanism parts, resulting in noisier valve action; (4) less adaptable to four cylinder motors using two bearing crank shafts and sixes using three bearings.

These advantages and disadvantages take for granted that the long and short stroke motors discussed have the same construction otherwise. The advantages of the long stroke may be considered as disadvantages of the short stroke, and vice versa.

I cannot get the motor of my new car to run smoothly, although I have adjusted the carburetor in every possible way. After running the motor a few minutes I notice that some water is discharged from the exhaust pipe. The water from the radiator goes through the intake manifold. Could water get into the cylinders from that source? I strain the gasoline through chamois skin and do not think it could get in that way.

Water should not come from the exhaust pipe when the engine is running. You state that the water pipe from the radiator goes through the intake manifold. If this is the case possibly one of the gaskets is defective and water is being sucked directly into the cylinders from this source.

If you cannot readily detect the water leak in any of the joints you possibly will find a sand hole in one of the castings which is leaking water. It may be necessary for you to have the cylinders taken off and tested under pressure for a water leak. A very small sand hole in a cylinder will cause you trouble and cannot readily be detected under ordinary pressure. Water in the cylinders will cause the miss in your engine irrespective of carburetor adjustment.

Will you please give me the formula for figuring the number of revolutions a gear must be turned to bring corresponding tooth marks together on timing gears set with odd teeth?

The method of figuring the number of revolutions a gear must turn to bring corresponding tooth marks together on timing gears set with odd teeth is simply to calculate the least common multiple of the number of teeth on each wheel. For instance, if one wheel has sixteen teeth and the other has ten teeth the least common multiple would be 80. Then for every eight revolutions of the ten tooth wheel or five revolutions of the sixteen tooth wheel the same teeth would come into mesh.

Would water admitted into cylinders from the intake manifold, which is then converted into steam, keep the cylinders free from carbon?

Admission of water into the intake manifold and then into the cylinders is utilized frequently to prevent deposit of carbon and to keep carbon deposits soft. Many owners have found that such a method gives very good results.

Will you please explain the proper timing as to opening and closing of both exhaust and intake valves and what is the spark when full retard?

The proper timing depends upon the speed of the motor, the size of the valves, design of the engine, and hence it would be impossible arbitrarily to give you a specific timing without knowing the engine. The maximum r. p. m. would also depend entirely on the design.

UNITED STATES APPROVES PLAN

Accepts Proposal to Settle Mexican Dispute.

FORWARDS NOTE TO CARRANZA

Joint International Commission Will Be Created for the Purpose of Seeking a Solution of All Problems Affecting the Border.

Washington, July 29.—General Carranza was informed in a note handed to his ambassador here the Washington government is prepared to submit to a joint international commission the task of seeking a solution of border problems.

The proposal of the de facto government for a commission is accepted, however, with the suggestion the powers of the commissioners be enlarged beyond the limits proposed in the Mexican note of July 12.

Agreement to this suggestion is expected and it was said officially the American members will be appointed and the commission be assembled at some point in the United States at an early date.

Appointment of the American commissioners will await General Carranza's reply.

President Wilson is understood to have at least a score of men under consideration for appointment as commissioners. Among them are Chief Justice White, Major General Goethals, former governor of the canal zone; Frederick Lehman, former solicitor general, and Louis D. Brandeis, associate justice of the supreme court.

Unofficial information from Mexico City has been to the effect that Luis Cabrera, Mexican minister of finance, would head the Mexican membership of the commission.

AFFECTS ABOUT 3,000 MEN

Minneapolis Flour Mill Workers Are Given Raise.

Minneapolis, July 29.—Nearly 3,000 men who work in the flour mills of Minneapolis will find their pay envelopes heavier after Aug. 1, in consequence of a voluntary increase in wages amounting to 10 per cent in some cases, announced by the larger milling companies. There has been no demand on the part of the men for higher wages and the increases will come as a surprise to them. The raise is granted, the millers said, because it is realized that there has been an increase in the cost of living in the last year or two.

The advances do not extend to office employees and others in clerical work.

The extra sums that the companies will have to appropriate will go to the men engaged in the actual work of grinding, packing or loading the flour.

\$25,000,000 NEEDED TO FORTIFY ISLANDS

Washington, July 29.—It will cost approximately \$25,000,000 to adequately fortify and defend the Danish West Indies, according to army experts here who are deeply interested in the government's prospective purchase.

Both army and navy authorities believe that the first problem of this government after acquiring the islands will be to make them impregnable to attack from an enemy in case of war.

The plan of Secretary Daniels of the navy to build up this site as the future naval base of the United States in these waters emphasizes, it is explained, the importance of adequate fortifications.

The proximity of the islands to the Panama canal and the fact that the harbor affords facilities for the entire American battleship fleet to be assembled there further demonstrates the role of which this base might play in case of war between the United States and a European power.

MERCURY AT 97 DEGREES

Three Deaths and Seventeen Prostrations in Twin Cities.

St. Paul, July 29.—Three deaths and seventeen prostrations were the toll of the heat wave in the Twin Cities Friday. The temperature reached 97 degrees, setting a new record for the season.

One death and eight prostrations were caused in St. Paul and two deaths and nine prostrations in Minneapolis.

Travel Pay for Soldiers.

New York, July 29.—Contrary to the report that guardsmen now at the border, released under the order permitting men with dependent relatives to be discharged on application, must pay their own transportation home, it was learned that an order which went into effect July 1 provides that they receive travel pay at the rate of 34 cents a mile.

FLAGS OF IRELAND

Only Since 1798 Has Green Been the National Color.

BEFORE THEN IT WAS BLUE.

That Was the Color of Fionn Mac-Cumhaill's Standard, Which Is Said to Be the True Flag of Erin—The Ancient "Spear and Serpent."

The universal belief concerning the flag of Ireland is that it has always been "the harp without the crown" imposed on a field of green and that green has from time immemorial been Erin's color.

I venture to say that ninety out of every hundred persons will assert, in answer to a query, that the harp on a green background has constituted Ireland's national design these many centuries, this belief obtaining generally among the Irish themselves.

In opposition to this belief it will appear strange when the asseveration is made that Ireland's national color until something more than a century ago was blue.

It may indeed produce a bit of a shock to many who have been wedded to the notion that "the Emerald Isle," "the shamrock so green," "our green Isle beyond the sea" and other similar expressions were indissolubly and forever connected with the country's national colors.

But as a matter of fact the green flag made its first appearance in 1798, the year of the uprising, so that as flags go it is comparatively new. Green, you know, is a blend of the orange and the blue, and it is asserted that green was adopted in 1798 by the United Irishmen to typify the union of north and south, orange being the color affected in the northern part of Ireland and blue in the southern provinces.

In point of antiquity the real Irish flag is the "spear and serpent," which appears in the arms of the O'Sullivan's. It is said to commemorate the incident of Gaothial Glas, the ancestor of Milesius, who, tradition says, was cured of a snake bite by the rod of Moses.

Next to that comes the flag of Fionn MacCumhaill's militia, the golden sun set on a blue ground, and the weight of opinion among all Irish students of research seems to favor this as the true national flag. Indeed, blue was always Ireland's national color until 1798.

Quite a number of other flags have figured in Irish history, and each of them has its line of enthusiastic supporters. Not the least popular among these is the flag exhibiting three golden crowns imposed on a blue ground, which figures at the present day in the arms of the province of Munster.

This flag was accepted after the Norman invasion in the year 1170 as the ensign of Ireland, the three crowns representing the kingdoms of Desmond, Ormond and Thomond. It was retained until 1547, when Henry VIII. abolished it and substituted the harp.

Coming down to more recent times it is found that the parliament of Ireland, of which Henry Grattan was the head, did not recognize green, although it did accept the harp. That parliament's flag was a golden harp on a blue ground. At the time of the union with England in 1801 a new flag was evolved apparently for the express purpose of incorporating it with what is now known as the union jack, but it does not seem to have caught the popular fancy any more than the act of union.

This was the red saltire on a white ground, which was christened St. Patrick's cross. Apparently it was taken from the arms of Trinity college at Dublin, though how Dublin came by it is a mystery.

The tricolor of green, white and orange—"The orange and green, with the stripe of peace between"—is the recognized flag of the Irish Nationalists, whose aim is complete independence.—James T. Doyle in Baltimore American.

CUSTOMS IN LIBERIA.

A Land Where Mothers Teach Their Young to Bite and Slap.

An amusing incident is related by Amanda Smith in her experiences as a missionary in Liberia. In attempting to gather the little children together for a day school she made a chart of a few of the letters of the alphabet and hung it upon a tree. Needing a pointer, she picked up a stick and, approaching the chart to teach, was surprised to see all her children running away pell-mell. They knew nothing about the use of the pointer, but believed that the stick meant a beating.

"A stick is put into children's hands here almost as soon as they can crawl, and they are taught to beat instead of to tap. The mother is pleased when her babe learns to slap her and bite her, and she continues the battle for his sake. This means no disrespect. He is learning to be a warrior—is learning to be brave. At times I have been bitten hard by these warlike little ones because they misunderstood my European ways. But no child ever attempted to bite me a second time. My reception of his act was so different from that of his parents that he didn't care to continue the battle.

"Fear often prevents a ready response to our efforts to carry on school work among these children," she continues. "In one village it took three years to persuade the people to let their children come to school. 'No,' they said, 'our children must not learn the white man's art. If they know such things they will be taken for soldiers by the government.'

"Again, superstition holds the children back. If a boy or girl who comes to school gets sick or dies the whole school breaks up. 'Is not that proof enough that our gods are angry?' the parents ask. Then the missionary must win the children back again.

"Very interesting are the schools under native teachers. Often lacking the proper supplies, pupils have to write their lessons on fresh banana leaves with a whittled stick to take the place of pen and penholder and the juice of a wild tomato plant for ink. Banana leaves shrivel up in a day, and the lessons cannot be preserved unless they are constantly rewritten. A bench serves as both seat and table. When the pupils write their lessons they kneel on the ground and use the bench for a desk."—New York Evening Sun.

Something Different.

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"What's the startling theme?"

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To Duluth 2:27 p. m. 2:35 p. m.

To St. Paul 5:35 a. m. 5:45 a. m.

To St. Paul 11:50 a. m. 1:05 p. m.

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